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## U.S. Races for '88: A Contrast Democrats Looking for A Leader

By Paul Taylor  
Washington Post Service  
WASHINGTON — This summer, Democrats have been trying to size up the most formidable presidential field in anyone's memory. The seven men and (most likely) one woman who will contend for the 1988 Democratic presidential nomination are "like a bowl of Jello that won't congeal," said a Democratic pollster, Harrison Hickman. So far the major developments of this contest have been the departure of Gary Hart and a number of favorites, including those of Governors Mario M. Cuomo of New York and William J. Clinton of Arkansas. Matters will take a different turn this fall, as voters begin to examine the men before them. But for now Democratic party activists and elected officials around the country remain slow to sign on to anyone's campaign, and the candidates continue to grope for any distinction that will set one apart from another.

## Republican Candidates Chase Bush

By David S. Broder  
Washington Post Service  
WASHINGTON — As the six Republicans line up for their presidential nomination race, they all know that unless Vice President George Bush clips a hurdle in the early stages, no one is likely to catch him. Each of the other five runners — from the established challengers Bob Dole and Jack Kemp to such untested opponents as Pete du Pont, Al Haig and Pat Robertson — has his own strategy for winning the race. But they recognize that the spotlight is on the man with all the advantages. For them, that's the bad news. The good news, they think, is that there are hidden potholes in his path. Some of the tricky stretches have names of early-voting states: Iowa, where Mr. Bush is a step behind Mr. Dole in the latest poll, Hawaii, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, South Dakota. Others have dates and network initials, for the trickiest hurdles for Mr. Bush may be the televised debates, starting late next month. That is where two of the long shots, Pierre S. du Pont 4th, the former governor of Delaware, and Alexander M. Haig, the former secretary of state and White House chief of staff, who clearly cannot match the others in money or organization, really hope to make their presence felt. During the summer months, when Mr. Bush has been relatively idle, Senator Bob Dole of Kansas and Representative Jack F. Kemp of New York have been recruiting and organizing at a frantic pace. The two men appear ready for the test. Followers of the Reverend Pat Robertson, the television evangelist, have been turning up the heat on his petition-signature drive, reaching 50,000 names a day, they say, in anticipation of the Sept. 17 deadline for the three million signatures to be set as his target a year ago. But "the race can't begin until Bush gets in," as Mr. Dole's chairman, Robert F. Ellsworth, concedes. And that is still six weeks away. A canvass of opinion in the rival camps and among neutral Republican observers shows that Mr. Bush's advantages are enormous. "Bush has one hell of a lead," says Richard S. Williamson, a veteran Republican operative who until recently was aiding Paul Laxalt. See REPUBLICANS, Page 2



Kohl Welcomes Honecker to West Germany  
The East German leader, Erich Honecker, left, with Chancellor Helmut Kohl of West Germany during a welcoming ceremony for Mr. Honecker on Monday in Bonn. The two discussed human rights and disarmament as Mr. Honecker began the first visit by an East German leader to West Germany. Both sides characterized the talks as positive, but officials provided few details. Page 6.

## French Down Libyan Bomber Over Ndjamena

By Steven Greenhouse  
New York Times Service  
PARIS — French armed forces in Chad shot down a Libyan warplane Monday as it was about to bomb the capital, Ndjamena, a development that some French officials fear could lead to a confrontation between France and Libya. According to French and Chadian officials, France's 1,200-man force in Chad, a former French colony, used a U.S.-made Hawk missile to down the Soviet-built Tupolev-22 bomber. Libya acknowledged that one of its planes had been shot down. In the view of foreign affairs analysts, the incident will make it harder for France to maintain its low-profile image in the Chad-Libya conflict. Libya's ambassador to France said Monday in Paris that "those countries putting oil on the fire risk also being burned." In a television interview, the ambassador, Hamed el-Houderi, added, "All French people should realize that the situation could be dramatic." The Libyans are angry at France not only for shooting down their plane but also for supplying large amounts of arms and ammunition to Chadian forces. French officials said, however, that the downing of the Libyan plane did not represent any change in its position in the longstanding war in central Africa. Although France had told President Hissène Habré of Chad that it would not support his efforts to take back the disputed Aouzou strip along the Libyan border, it has long said it would defend Chad if Libya attacked deep into the country. "France's involvement in Chad," said Defense Minister André Girard, "is essentially defensive and dissuasive. We want no French-Libyan confrontation, and the risks of confrontation between Libya and France can only come from Libyan interventions, notably the air bombings inside Chadian territory." The French troops in Chad are based around the airport at Ndjamena and at Abéché, a town in eastern Chad. Their equipment includes Mirage F-1 fighters, Jaguar fighter-bombers, reconnaissance aircraft, radar units and anti-aircraft weapons. The Libyan news agency JANA said a Libyan bomber was downed in Ndjamena, 600 miles (970 kilometers) across the Libyan border. The agency added that "successful" air raid on Abéché. Chadian and French officials said a second Tupolev-22 bomber had passed over the capital and evaded anti-aircraft weapons. [The French Defense Ministry and Chadian military officials said the three crew members on the See CHAD, Page 2]

## Beirut Group Releases One West German

By Nora Boustanay  
Washington Post Service  
BEIRUT — Alfred Schmidt, the West German engineer kidnapped here in January by a pro-Iranian group, was released Monday and driven to Damascus, where he was handed over to his embassy. Mr. Schmidt, 47, a technician for the electronics company Siemens AG, was abducted Jan. 20, three days after assailants kidnapped another West German, Rudolf Cordes, a manager for the chemical company Hoechst AG. Both abductions were in retaliation for the arrest Jan. 13 at the Frankfurt airport of Mohammed Ali Hamadeh, 22, on charges of carrying explosives. The United States sought Mr. Hamadeh's extradition for trial on charges of murder and air piracy in connection with the 1985 hijacking of a TWA jet that resulted in the death of a U.S. Navy diver. But Bonn officials refused, saying they would put Mr. Hamadeh on trial in West Germany. In Bonn, government sources denied Monday that a deal had been made with the kidnappers. Syrian efforts and intense diplomatic activity by Tehran, Bonn and Damascus preceded the announcement by a group calling itself the Mujahadeen for Freedom that Mr. Schmidt had been freed. A West German decision last month to unblock 70 million Deutsche marks (\$39 million) allocated for commodities purchases and the financing of a cotton oil plant in Syria, as well as the appointment of a new West German ambassador to Damascus in June, have recently signaled an improvement in Bonn's ties with Damascus. Communiqués by the Mujahadeen See HOSTAGE, Page 2

## Resurgent Peronists Hand Alfonsín A Surprising Setback in Elections

By Bradley Graham  
Washington Post Service  
BUENOS AIRES — President Raúl Alfonsín has suffered a major electoral setback, with his Radical Civic Union losing key gubernatorial and congressional races to a changed and reinvigorated Peronist movement. The surprise defeat threw into question Mr. Alfonsín's ability to enact a series of sweeping military, economic and constitutional changes intended to strengthen Argentina's young democracy. It also catapulted Antonio Cafiero, a Peronist and winner of the prized governorship of Buenos Aires Province, to the front ranks of possible contenders for the presidency in 1989. [With nearly 97 percent of the vote counted, official returns gave the Peronists the governorships of 16 of 22 provinces, compared with 12 before the elections. The Associated Press reported. The Radicals, who previously held seven, won outright victories in just two races and held a slim lead in a third. [Mr. Alfonsín's party lost 12 seats in the House, ending the three-seat majority the Radicals enjoyed for two years. The Radicals will now have 118 of the 254 seats. The Peronists, who gained four seats, remained second but now have 107. The rightist Central Democratic Union won four seats for a total of seven. The leftist Intransigent Party remained unchanged with six seats. Local parties picked up four seats to total 16 in the House.] The Peronists already hold a majority in the Senate. The balloting marked the first time in 25 years that the electorate had been given the opportunity to vote their judgment of provincial governors and congressmen they had elected previously. But hanging in the balance with the outcome of the vote on Sunday was Mr. Alfonsín's own agenda for reshaping some of the institutional foundations of Argentina. Many political analysts said the Radical Party's poor performance would affect Mr. Alfonsín's ability to push ahead in his final two years in office with plans to restructure the armed forces, sell state-owned companies and adopt a parliamentary system of government. The Peronists, under the new leadership of their wing that backs change, have been hoping for an electoral resurgence to establish themselves as a political alternative. Going into the election, the Radical Party had appeared in danger of losing its thin majority in the lower house of Congress but had been favored to win the governorship of Buenos Aires Province, home for 37 percent of the nation's 19.4 million voters. Running against Mr. Cafiero, 64, was the Radical candidate, Juan Manuel Casella, 64, a lawyer who has served brief stints as a member of Congress and minister in the Alfonsín government. Mr. Casella and other Radical candidates linked their campaigns closely to Mr. Alfonsín, prominently featuring the president's image in political advertisements. The Radicals warned that a Peronist victory would alter the stability and continuity of the democratic system, a message that is meant to play on memories of the political violence that terrorized Argentina under the last national Peronist government in the mid-1970s. The Peronists, in turn, highlighted the country's continuing economic problems. Mr. Alfonsín's election in 1983 ended nearly eight years of repressive military rule. The president won support by steering inflation down with a package of shock measures in 1985 and by placing former military leaders on trial for crimes during their rule. But recent months have seen a rise in public irritation and disillusionment. Inflation has been edging up again, reaching 10.1 percent in July and, according to unofficial estimates, 13.8 percent in August. The armed forces, too, are restless. Upgrading by military officers last April dramatized resentment in the ranks over the trials. Mr. Alfonsín pushed through legislation in June that forced the cancellation of legal proceedings against more than 200 officers.

Jesse Jackson, preparing Monday for a television interview in Washington in which he said he would formally announce his candidacy for the Democratic presidential nomination. raising, but otherwise his campaign has been the big disappointment of 1987, with lots of overhauling of messages, staff changes and misstatements. Still, nobody counts Mr. Biden out. As an orator and personality he is thought to have more raw potential to connect with voters than anyone in the field. Governor Michael S. Dukakis of Massachusetts, 53, would be the front-runner if the term meant anything in this field. In the four months since Mr. Hart got out, Mr. Dukakis has raised the most money, hired the most staff members (more than 100, and growing), made the fastest progress in the polls, gotten the most media attention and been the target of the most attacks. He is also the early choice of about half of all New Hampshire voters, based on the proximity of Massachusetts to that state and his rivals' relative anonymity. On the stump he talks about the See DEMOCRATS, Page 2

## Kiosk Prisoners Riot At Brussels Jail

BRUSSELS (Reuters) — Prisoners here rioted Monday evening and about 11 escaped, Agence Belga reported. The news agency said about 500 prisoners at the Saint Gilles Prison in southern Brussels refused to return to their cells and lighted bonfires. At another Brussels prison on Sunday, 27 inmates and six policemen were hurt during riots in protest of arrangements made at a more modern prison for 26 British soccer fans who are to arrive in Belgium soon to face charges arising from the 1985 Heysel stadium riot.

## A Contra's Fear: End of Battle Peace Plan Challenges Effort to Keep Forces in Field

By James LeMoyné  
New York Times Service  
TEGUCIGALPA, Honduras — The chief military commander of the Nicaraguan guerrillas sat in the debris of the former main rebel border base and acknowledged that he and his men were facing the prospect that their long war could be over. Worried, pensive and at times rising to his feet to shout his anger about the Sandinist government, which he has fought since 1981, the commander, Colonel Enrique Bermúdez, spoke Friday in a long and candid interview, outlining the tough decisions he faces. It was a rare look at the thinking of one of the most powerful, but least heard, leaders of the rebels, known as the contras. Colonel Bermúdez was an officer in the National Guard of the former dictator, Anastasio Somoza. He has proved the most capable rebel military leader, but acknowledged that his service to the dictatorship is a political liability he has not been able to overcome. The interview at the base, on the Nicaraguan-Honduran border, was offered on the condition that the country in which the base is situated not be reported. Colonel Bermúdez said he was desperately trying to keep his men equipped and was willing to fight deep inside Nicaragua during the long rainy season. His forces have been fighting in Nicaragua for the last four months. But he said that goal was being challenged by a new Central American peace plan that has undercut the rebels politically and weakened their prospects of receiving renewed U.S. financing for their effort to overthrow the Sandinists. "The months ahead are critical," Colonel Bermúdez said. "The worst impact of all would be seeing the United States Congress cut off aid to an army fighting for democracy while Cuba and the Soviet Union keep aiding the Sandinists." In fact, as Colonel Bermúdez himself acknowledged, the failure of the rebels to convince the world that theirs is a fight for democracy remains one of the greatest political weaknesses of the largely peasant contra army. Under the tutelage of the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency, the contras have placed greater emphasis on military rather than political action, a strategic error that senior U.S. diplomats and Honduran officials say will cost the rebels in this moment when the peace treaty places a premium on political, not military, talent. Some contra political officials say they are considering returning to Nicaragua to challenge the Sandinists, but with internal divisions and a weak opposition in Nicaragua, their prospects are not bright. As Colonel Bermúdez spoke, a handful of rebels dismantled trucks and packed radio gear as the heavy rains of the wet season washed over the debris left by a departing guerrilla army. Cotton-thick clouds dropped over the surrounding mountains, leaving just enough light for a rebel helicopter to squeeze through for a landing. The contra base, which once housed as many as 8,000 rebels, is now in the final stages of abandonment as the guerrillas spread into Nicaragua. Two senior rebel officials said Colonel Bermúdez, who saw American aid to his troops in cut off 1984 and who is now facing that possibility again, felt particularly let down. See CONTRA, Page 2

## To U.S. Officials, Manila Coup Bid Was a Close Call

By Neil A. Lewis  
New York Times Service  
WASHINGTON — A wide range of senior U.S. officials say they now believe the recent coup attempt in the Philippines came dangerously close to succeeding. Moreover, some officials believe that the factors that made the military a near-success still exist and that President Corason C. Aquino faces sizable long-term obstacles in ensuring the loyalty of the military. "Until it was over, we didn't realize how dicey the situation was," one senior official said. "Now that we look at what happened, there was a time when the momentum could have easily swung the other way," another senior official said. U.S. policy-makers also voiced concern that the Aquino government's efforts to battle the Communist insurgency throughout the nation will be greatly hampered as Mrs. Aquino and her aides turn their attention to dealing with a fractious military. "It's handed the Communists a marvelous opportunity," one official said. "She'll have to be very serious." The official said that "very serious questions remain about the military's loyalty to Aquino and their commitment to a democratic form of government." "Clearly, substantial elements of the military were very supportive," the official said. "The mutineers seemed to have the loyalty of large numbers in the army." What has so troubled administration analysts and policy-makers as they reconstruct the events is how much of the military was, as one official put it, "sitting on the fence" awaiting clues to whether the coup attempt would succeed. Another official described the Philippine military as so heavily politicized as to be almost feudal in its loyalties. "It's going to be very difficult to put it back to a professional army," the official said. One analyst said an important turning point appeared to have been a bombing hit on the communications center at Camp Aguinaldo, the military headquarters in Manila in which the mutinous soldiers were barricaded. The destruction of the communications center, the official said, prevented the coup leader, Colonel Gregorio Honasan, from keeping in touch with rebel soldiers elsewhere in the country. While the Reagan administration was aware of the pervasive discontent through-

## Soviet Gives Rare Tour Of Disputed Radar Site

By William J. Broad  
New York Times Service  
ABALAKOVO, U.S.S.R. — The Soviet Union has allowed Western experts to inspect its top-secret giant radar here, which has been at the center of a heated arms-control dispute since its discovery by American spy satellites more than four years ago. The administration of President Ronald Reagan maintains that the radar, known as the Krasnoyarsk site after a large city south of Abalakov, violates the 1972 anti-ballistic missile treaty. A congressional delegation, including three representatives and four aides specializing in military affairs, spent four hours on Saturday touring the radar's two main structures: an 11-story transmitter and a 30-story receiver. Both buildings were clearly under construction and far from operational. After their inspection, delegation members said that the visit raised serious questions about both the Soviet and the American positions in the arms-violation controversy. The American group also interviewed several Soviet officials and took more than 1,000 photographs inside and outside the site. It is thought to be the first time Westerners have been allowed to inspect any large Soviet radar that is believed to be for anti-missile defenses. "This is a breakthrough in super-power relations," said Representative Thomas J. Downey, a New York Democrat who heads the delegation. "It's the beginning of military glasnost," he said, using the Russian term for openness that has become associated with the policies of Mikhail S. Gorbachev, the Soviet leader. Mr. Downey and the other two representatives visiting the Soviet Union, Jim Moody of Wisconsin, and Bob Carr of Michigan, are Democratic members of the bipartisan House of Representatives group that observes the Geneva arms talks. The U.S. delegation is expected to discuss the visit and its implications on Tuesday in Washington. The Reagan administration says that the radar is designed to track approaching enemy missiles, at the very least for early warning of nuclear attack and probably for help in destroying missiles and warheads in ABM terms, this is known as battle management. Either purpose, early warning or See RADAR, Page 2



GENERAL NEWS  
■ Angola freed a South African soldier as a complex prisoner exchange began. Page 6.  
■ Campaigning for Denmark's elections Tuesday was dull — until this week. Page 3.  
SPORTS  
■ Mark Langston won his 17th game Monday, tying a Seattle record, as the Mariners beat Cleveland. Page 13.  
BUSINESS/FINANCE  
■ British banks rejected a controversial plan by Brazil to turn part of its \$112 billion debt into securities. Page 9.



# REPUBLICANS: Bush in Front

(Continued from Page 1)

of Nevada, who last month quit the race. "He's used his advantages effectively, and he has not made mistakes."

Mr. Bush had raised over \$9.4 million by the start of the summer, more than twice the figure of his closest competitors, Mr. Dole and Mr. Kemp.

He has for more endorsements of elected and party officials than anyone else, including more New York House members than are backing their colleague from Buffalo, Mr. Kemp.

He also has the deepest, broadest organization, the only one, a senior Republican official says, "really prepared to compete everywhere."

Most important of all, Mr. Bush has seven years as President Ronald Reagan's chosen lieutenant in two campaigns and two administrations, with a reputation for unblemished loyalty that none of his opponents dares to question.

"In the eyes of a great many Republicans," says a Republican governor who looked at the race and decided not to get in, "George has earned the nomination already."

The key question for the Republican contest thus becomes whether Mr. Bush stumbles in the early party caucuses and primary elections. And the evidence is that he could. Consider some of the possibilities:

**Michigan** — Mr. Bush is scrambling already to avoid embarrassment at the Jan. 29 convention. Volunteers recruited by Mr. Robertson, operating in alliance with less numerous backers of Mr. Kemp, overwhelmed pro-Bush "regulars" in elections for precinct delegate spots last year and now control the state committee.

**Iowa** — Mr. Bush has nurtured the organizational and personal ties he forged in his 1980 victory over Mr. Reagan and has been rated the favorite for the Feb. 8 caucuses. But the latest Des Moines Register poll, published Sunday, shows him in a tight race with Mr. Dole. The survey of 301 likely caucus-goers found 32 percent for Mr. Dole and 29 percent for Mr. Bush, a statistically insignificant difference. Mr. Kemp had 10 percent; Mr. Robertson, 7; Mr. du Pont, 5; and Mr. Haig, 4.

**New Hampshire** — The first primary takes place Feb. 16 in a state with terrible memories for Mr. Bush, the state where Mr. Reagan recouped politically in 1980 and humiliated him personally at their Nashua debate. If Mr. Bush is



A MAGIC NUMBER FOR LONDON — Three days short of his 100th birthday, Alf Landon was visited by President and Mrs. Ronald Reagan in Topeka, Kansas. Mr. Landon, who was the Republican presidential candidate in 1936, said: "It's a great day in my life."

# DEMOCRATS: 8 Candidates in Search of a Leader

(Continued from Page 1)

"Massachusetts Miracle" of economic revival, his nine balanced budgets, his immigrant roots, his governing style and his passion for the rule of law.

His rivals accuse him of taking more credit than he is due for the Massachusetts turnaround and of hiding his true colors. They peg him as an anti-military liberal.

Representative Richard A. Gephardt of Missouri, 46, has been running harder and longer than anyone, and by the testimony of insiders, has profited from the experience. His speeches are sharper, his images crisper and his timing far better than they were a year ago.

There is a populist streak to his protectionist talk on trade, and he displays compassion in his save-the-family legislation.

His opponents say privately that his Achilles heel is an opportunistic voting record that reveals him as having tailored his philosophy to the prevailing winds on everything from abortion to economics to nuclear energy policy.

Senator Albert Gore of Tennessee, 39, was the big winner two weeks ago when Senator Sam Nunn of Georgia became the most recent Democrat not to run, leaving Mr. Gore the only southerner in the race.

He is also the only candidate willing to talk tough at times on foreign policy. He alone among Democrats was an early supporter

of the Reagan administration's re-flagging policy in the Gulf.

And he is the one who tries to come off as culturally and socially more conservative than the others. He does not have great strength in Iowa or New Hampshire, and he faces a test even in his home region.

Something he was without in 1984. Unless some other candidate comes shooting out of the pack in the early states, many insiders believe, he is poised to be the leading vote-getter on March 8. "Super Tuesday," when one-third of all national convention delegates will be up for grabs.

Representative Patricia Schroeder of Colorado, 47, will not officially decide until the end of the month whether to run, but her direct mail response has been encouraging.

Ms. Schroeder's late entry means that some of the activist and feminist support she might otherwise have drawn is already committed, but her distinctiveness in the field assures plenty of attention from reporters.

The main plank of her platform is a share-the-burden plan that would force U.S. allies to pay more toward their own defense.

Senator Paul Simon of Illinois, 58, is the one Democrat who likes to call himself old-fashioned, and he consistently evokes the images and programs of Roosevelt and Truman. He is also a committed budget balancer and fiscal conservative.

Mostly, though, his handlers are hoping that his resonant baritone voice, his conservative appearance and his plain-spoken common sense will, in an era of fallen heroes, evoke just the right dose of integrity and decency to capture a disillusioned electorate.

**Dukakis would be the Democratic front-runner if the term meant anything in this field.**

The Reverend Jesse L. Jackson, 45, seemed to a lot of white Democratic leaders in 1984 to be running against them — their rules, their biases, their way of doing business. This year he has made it clear that his targets are the multinational corporations that "merge, purge and submerge" that send jobs and hopes abroad.

At times this year he has seemed so eager to appear nonconfrontational that he has been without his old spark.

But in recent months he has become more comfortable with his message, and he continues to attract large crowds wherever he goes.

He has an Iowa operation —

# RADAR: Soviet Gives U.S. Rare View of Disputed Site

(Continued from Page 1)

battle management, would violate the ABM treaty, whose central aim is to limit defensive missile systems designed to knock out incoming strategic missiles.

The Soviet Union says the radar is for tracking satellites in orbit, and denies violating the treaty.

The inspection of the site on Saturday raised serious doubts about the assertions of both sides.

The huge, half-built device is a "phased-array" radar — several radars that operate in tandem. Its beam is steered electronically instead of by a movable dish. Both the United States and the Soviet Union are currently constructing such devices.

By the details of its construction, and the acknowledgment of Soviet officials in Abalakovo, the radar is far from ideal for all types of space tracking. But it also seems to be anything but the rugged, hardened bunker needed to wage anti-missile battles in a nuclear war.

The work inside and out appeared shoddy at best, prompting some chuckles and head-shaking from members of the delegation.

Anthony R. Battista, a staff member of the House Armed Services Committee who is considered a top American expert on Soviet military sites, said: "You have some space-tracking ability here that's not very good, and some early warning capability that's not very good. If you turn it on, it's probably a violation, but not a very good one."

The visit to the site was organized by the Soviet Academy of Sciences and the Committee of Soviet Scientists Against the Nuclear Threat. Officials of both groups accompanied the Americans.

Yevgeni P. Velikhov, vice president of the Soviet Academy of Sciences and leader of the Soviet group that accompanied the U.S. delegation on Saturday, said the decision to allow the visit was made by the Politburo.

At first, Soviet officials allowed no photographs to be taken inside the structures. But later they allowed a quick photo tour of both structures.

Although members picked out certain rooms to inspect, the tour was controlled by Soviet officials.

According to American military experts, phased-array radars for space tracking in the Northern Hemisphere point due south. This is so they can track objects in orbit about the equator, such as flights of the American space shuttle, as well as objects that pass over Earth's poles.

In the United States, there is one such radar for space tracking, at Eglin Air Force Base in Florida.

A radar at the latitude of Krasnoyarsk that was pointed due north would see polar-orbiting satellites

# CHAD: Bomber Downed

(Continued from Page 1)

downed plane were killed, United Press International reported.

Ahmed Allam-Mi, the Chadian ambassador to France, said Monday that Libyan planes had dropped five bombs on Abéché and killed many villagers.

The war between Libya and Chad heated up on Aug. 8 when Chadian forces captured Acoou, the main village in the Aozou strip that Libyan forces had captured in 1973. That loss was a major embarrassment to Colonel Moammar Gadhafi, the Libyan leader, whose forces retook the town on Aug. 28.

On Saturday, 2,000 Chadian troops crossed into Libya for the first time and demolished the Matan-Sarab air base, 60 miles from the internationally recognized border between Chad and Libya.

Issa Boukar, a spokesman for the Chadian Embassy in France, said his country had withdrawn its troops from the Libyan air base.

Mr. Giraud said France "was not informed" of that raid and that "there was no French element that had participated."

Dominique Moisi, associate director of the French Institute for International Relations, said French officials were trying to play down the French role.

"The decision to destroy the plane is in tune with France's desire not to escalate its role and indeed to keep Libya from escalating the war," said Mr. Moisi.

# Warning by Radio Tripoli

Soon after the downing of the Libyan bomber, Radio Tripoli began broadcasting appeals for foreign embassies and townspeople to evacuate Njamena to ensure their safety. Agency France-Press reported from Nicosia, where the broadcast was monitored.

# MANILA: The Close Call

(Continued from Page 1)

Out the military, officials said they were taken by surprise when the attempt began.

When some army units began to rebel in Manila, the U.S. ambassador, Nicholas Platt, had been in the country only a few days. He was to have arrived months earlier, but his confirmation was delayed by Senator Jesse Helms, the conservative North Carolina Republican who has made a practice of holding up ambassadorial appointments to press political points.

Philip Kaplan, who had been the senior official in charge of the embassy until Mr. Platt's arrival, was preparing to leave the day the rebellion began.

The Pentagon's top authority on the Philippines, Karl Jackson, deputy assistant secretary of defense for East Asia, was in a Manila at the time, on a routine visit. He was awakened at his hotel by Filipino officials, who asked him what was going on. He said he did not know.

As the mutiny gained momentum, Mr. Kaplan telephoned Senator Juan Ponce Enrile, the former defense minister, who has been described as a mentor of Colonel Honasan. Mr. Kaplan asked Mr. Enrile to issue a statement calling for an end to the uprising.

Mr. Enrile refused. He said he did not want to heed the request of a U.S. official and had not been asked to do so by the Philippine government.

In addition to that call, which Mr. Enrile later disclosed, Mr. Kaplan and other embassy officials telephoned several military leaders, warning them that if the coup succeeded, U.S. law would require an immediate suspension of all military aid.

Reagan administration officials offered a variety of reasons for not expecting the coup attempt. Some said the planning for the attempt was closely guarded since previous efforts, including one involving Colonel Honasan, had failed because details had leaked.

# HOSTAGE: Beirut Release

(Continued from Page 1)

for Freedom, the group that claimed to be holding the West Germans, hinted repeatedly in the past two weeks that at least one of them would soon be released.

Reports that Hoechst and Siemens had paid up ransom money of up to 4 million DM each could not be confirmed, and Siemens denied that it had paid any ransom.

[The Associated Press in Damascus quoted Mr. Schmidt as saying, "It's wonderful to be a free man again. They didn't mistreat me. The treatment was all right."

When asked how he felt, he said, "I'm okay — 50-50. I want to see my family and friends. I've missed them." He left Damascus for Bonn in a West German Air Force plane Monday evening.]

The latest Mujahadin for Freedom statement, announcing the release Monday, thanked Syrian officials who "helped and guaranteed a settlement and who have had a role in this positive ending."

On Aug. 25 the group released a videotape of Mr. Schmidt reading from a prepared statement in which he urged Bonn to free Mr. Hamadeh. Three days later, Iran's deputy foreign minister, Mohammed Jawad Larjani, said that his country was negotiating for the West Germans' release, mediating between the captors and Bonn.

The group's statement Monday underlined the "indebtedness" of West Germany to countries that were instrumental in securing Mr. Schmidt's freedom.

# WORLD BRIEFS

## Korean Workers Protest Plant Closing

SEOUL (Reuters) — Thousands of workers staged rallies on Monday protesting the closure of a shipyard by the giant Hyundai Group, but the government said labor disputes were dwindling across South Korea.

Officials of Hyundai, the country's biggest exporter, said about 7,000 workers held a sit-in at their yard at Ulsan in the southeast, demanding a 14-percent pay increase and the release of 25 arrested union leaders.

The 23 are among 166 workers facing trial after the police raided company dormitories in Ulsan and a car factory near Seoul owned by the Daewoo conglomerate last week. The Hyundai strikers ended the daylong protest Monday with no major violence but vowed to gather again on Tuesday to press their demands, the officials said.

## Hypothermia Used on Siamese Twins

BALTIMORE (WP) — Seven-month-old Siamese twins, joined at the back of the head, have been separated in a 22-hour operation here that involved putting the West German infants into suspended animation to halt bleeding from the operation. Doctors said it was the first time that hypothermia, or lowering body temperature, had been tried in such surgery.

If both boys survive, it will also be the first time that twins sharing major blood systems in the brain have been successfully separated. Doctors at the Johns Hopkins Medical Institutions said it would be days before they had any sense of whether either boy would recover and live a normal life.

The operation Sunday involved more than 70 doctors and nurses. The infants, Benjamin and Patrick Binder, shared the major veins and blood draining system directly behind their heads.

## Executive Fired in Yugoslav Scandal

BELGRADE (Reuters) — The senior management of a Yugoslav company at the center of a multimillion-dollar scandal has been dismissed, official press reports said Monday.

The issuing by Agrokomprom of up to \$500 million worth of false promissory notes has rocked the country's banking sector, already struggling to cope with Yugoslavia's \$20 billion foreign debt. Agrokomprom is a state-owned agricultural-industrial company that employs 13,500 workers and handles food exports to 22 countries.

The company's chief executive, Fikret Abdic, and his management team have been dismissed, the reports said. The Tanjug news agency reported Saturday that the police had asked the Federal Assembly (parliament) to waive the immunity from criminal prosecution Mr. Abdic enjoys as a member of the body.

## Troubled U.K. Union Group Meets

BLACKPOOL, England (Reuters) — British trade union leaders began their annual meeting Monday, divided on industrial relations and on how to halt declining membership under what they regard as a hostile Conservative government.

The meeting of the Trades Union Congress was the first since Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, whose government has enacted laws designed to curb union power, was re-elected in June. Political analysts said union leaders, faced with five more years under Mrs. Thatcher, had to try to improve their image.

A recent opinion poll said most British unions were seen by the majority of their members as out of touch with the needs of the rank and file and too closely linked to the opposition Labor Party.

## Gandhi Shuffles Party Secretaries

NEW DELHI (AFP) — Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi replaced five of six general secretaries in his Congress (I) Party on Monday, a party spokesman said. A shuffle of the senior levels had been expected following electoral defeats and mounting dissidence within a party battered since April by a wave of corruption scandals.

The spokesman, G.K. Moopnar, said Mr. Gandhi had accepted the resignations of Bhagwat Jha Azad, A.K. Antony, R.L. Bhatia, N.K. Sharma and Najma Heptulla to clear the way for a reorganization.

Mr. Moopnar, the only general secretary to be retained, said the five were replaced by Oscar Fernandez, Ghulam Nabi Azad, N.C. Chaturvedi, K.N. Singh and Ram Ratan. All but Mr. Fernandez are Congress (I) members of Parliament.

## For the Record

Prime Minister Ingvar Carlsson of Sweden arrived in Boston on Sunday for a seven-day visit to the United States.

Three persons appeared in court in Chippenhams in southwest England on Monday accused of plotting to kill Tom King, the British minister responsible for the province of Northern Ireland. (Reuters)

## TRAVEL UPDATE

**Londoners May Now Share Taxicabs**

LONDON (Reuters) — A 300-year-old English law is to be scrapped to allow London taxicabs to offer a shared service, the government announced on Monday.

Until now the capital's 14,000 registered taxi drivers were bound by the law — introduced in the 17th century to apply to horse-drawn carriages — not to permit shared fares.

The pilot of a Piedmont Airlines jet had to shut off an engine and return to Baltimore-Washington International Airport shortly after takeoff Monday when a fire warning light came on, an airline spokesman said. He said the light proved to be a false alarm. (AP)

## CONTRA: End of Battle Is Feared

(Continued from Page 1)

down by the still-divided civilian political leaders of the contras.

"He is better than none of the civilian directors have been in the camps to talk to the troops, that they have not come up with a unified position to explain to the troops," a rebel official said.

Colonel Bermudez, dressed in a camouflage uniform, said he had tried to explain to his troops the effect of the peace treaty, which calls for a cease-fire in local wars and a cutoff of outside aid to rebels in Central America.

He strongly criticized the peace plan, which rebel political leaders have formally accepted. He said he considered the Sandinists' signing of the plan, which calls for significant moves to increase democracy in Nicaragua, to be a tactical move to buy time and defeat the contras politically.

"They are looking for a way to stop our aid and make our troops lose faith," he said. "They won't comply with the treaty."

Colonel Bermudez was particularly critical of the failure of the plan to set any limit on the military aid that the Sandinists can receive, while it cuts off aid to the rebels.

He said it was essential that the U.S. Congress vote at least conditional aid to the rebels when the current \$100 million in financing runs out this month. This is necessary, Colonel Bermudez argued, to keep up the morale of the rebel troops and to keep pressure on the Sandinists to comply with the treaty.

Colonel Bermudez was among the senior rebel leaders who met two weeks ago with President Ronald Reagan in California. He said Mr. Reagan promised to keep fighting for aid to the rebels.

But he added that the Sandinists had already started a propaganda campaign aimed at the rebels and their families, telling them that peace was at hand and that they should accept an amnesty rather than die for a lost cause.

Another problem facing the con-

tras is that Honduras will be forced to clear out all rebels and close any bases they still have there by the Nov. 7 deadline imposed by the regional peace treaty. On that date, all countries are to stop assisting rebel forces and stop permitting their territory to be used by rebels.

The political and military difficulties facing the rebels appear to be all the more galling to Colonel Bermudez because, he said, his forces are now in their best military condition since U.S. aid was previously cut off in 1984.

With \$100 million of renewed financing this year, hundreds of rebel commanders received their first professional military training from U.S. Army advisers. They then got new equipment, computerized radio communications and potent anti-aircraft missiles that are said to be shooting down an average of one Sandinist helicopter a month.

With highly effective aerial supply drops, run by the CIA, the contras have defied their harsher critics by posing a long-term problem that the Sandinists cannot eradicate.

The purpose of guerrilla war, to tire and weaken the enemy, is well demonstrated in Nicaragua, where the economy, bled by the long war, a U.S. embargo and Sandinist mismanagement, is in ruins. The contras, like leftist rebels fighting the government in El Salvador, cannot defeat the Sandinists, but they have badly hurt them.

Colonel Bermudez said the contras would keep fighting until the Sandinists agreed to negotiate a cease-fire with them, something the Sandinists have refused ever to do.

But the rebel commander acknowledged that political support could run out for the contras in Congress. If that happens, final defeat would be at hand. That, Colonel Bermudez said bitterly, would leave Nicaragua under firm Sandinist control.

"If we disarm," he said, "and in 1988 the Sandinists haven't fulfilled the treaty, will anyone be interested in this process anymore?"

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# In-Dull Danish Campaign, Faint Stirrings

By Howell Raines  
New York Times Service

COPENHAGEN — Denmark is approaching the end of a general election campaign that the candidates, the pollsters, the press and the incumbent prime minister, Poul Schlüter, pronounced extraordinary for its dullness.

But Sunday — just before a televised debate among the 16 parties involved in Denmark's genial, complicated electoral system — a welcome splash of controversy waited across the somewhat political landscape. And it came from an unlikely source — Anker Jørgensen, an erstwhile government minister usually cast as the Walter Mondale of Danish politics.

Mr. Jørgensen, 65, a former program minister, stirred things up before the Tuesday voting by warning that the long shadow of free enterprise is falling across one of Scandinavia's prototype welfare states. He even named two foreign villains in the importation of harmful ideology: Adam Smith and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of Britain.

He accused Mr. Schlüter, a Conservative who says his pro-business policies have created 200,000 new jobs in the private sector, with trying to bring off a sneaky transformation from welfare state to enterprise society.

Schlüter has said that Karl Marx is dead. Mr. Jørgensen said in an interview published Sunday, "I know that. He died in 1883. But what Schlüter is presenting is Adam Smith's philosophy of the free market packed in cellophane and presented with charm."



Poul Schlüter



Anker Jørgensen

He warned that Mr. Schlüter's "ideology is each-for-his-own." For although Mr. Schlüter has added 15,000 jobs in the state medical service and raised unemployment benefits, he also has advocated partial payments for some services and freedom to choose between private and government medical and pension programs.

Per S. Møller, a Conservative parliamentary leader, responded that Mr. Schlüter, 56, still supports the basic idea of the welfare state — "higher taxes and fewer social problems than they have in the United States." But he said Mr. Schlüter also stands for a number of ideas that are being attacked from the left.

In addition to an economic policy that has been called "watered-down Thatcherism," these include

continued membership in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the European Community and the tighter fiscal policies that have reduced the domestic budget deficit and increased "efficiency" and "choice" in welfare programs.

American officials have been nervous about opposition to NATO membership in particular and nuclear weapons in general by the Social People's Party, the country's fastest growing leftist party. Its growth is fed by the "identity crisis" in Mr. Jørgensen's Social Democrats.

Once Denmark's dominant party, the Social Democrats have been going through a transitional trauma like that of the Democrats in the United States and the Labor Party in Britain.

179 seats in parliament, the Folketing, no one is quite sure whether Mr. Schlüter's four-party, center-right coalition will sustain its bare, working majority of 90 seats.

But compromise is the theme of Danish politics. On 56 issues in his five years in office, Mr. Schlüter has lacked a majority, but his government survived by general agreement that no one else ought to be prime minister until he decided to call this snap election four months before the end of his term.

Even the Socialist People's Party says it will swallow its opposition to NATO and the EC in the interest of forming a governing socialist coalition should they and the Social Democrats win enough seats to forge a majority.

This relaxed, enlightened coalition politics in a country comfortable with its existence on the Nordic seaming between the superpowers. The mellow mood prevailed Sunday at the candidates' debate. Mr. Jørgensen made a gentlemanly attack on Mr. Schlüter's failure to make a dent in the country's \$40-billion foreign debt, much of which he inherited from Mr. Jørgensen's party.

Mr. Schlüter, for his part, used his television time to deny the hottest rumor among the Copenhagen intelligentsia — that he and Mr. Jørgensen would set aside their differences in form a centrist coalition freezing out extremes of left and right.

"There is no way that can ever happen," Mr. Schlüter said, setting the stage for an election in which, when it comes to parliamentary coalitions, anything can happen.

# Athens (Vroom!) Is Told to Please (Honk!) Be Quiet

By Alan Cowell  
New York Times Service

ATHENS — The sandwich bar on Skoufa Street has reopened after a long break, and these days there is a chance that a telephone caller might find someone at some office to take a call.

The summer is winding toward fall, and the myriad Athenians who fled a hot and congested city are coming in from the relative cool of ancestral islands and upcountry retreats.

But this year, after a year of campaigns urging them to protect their beaches against garbage, their sea turtles against extinction and themselves against AIDS, Athenians are facing another campaign. Greeks are being told by their government that some foreigners have long asserted — they make too much noise for their own good.

"Noise is a dangerous enemy which is seriously damaging our health," says the text of a newspaper and magazine advertisement from unlikely to stop the torment.

"No real measures are being taken," Mr. Christodoulakis said. "The authorities should be building walls and planting trees to stop the noise from infiltrating residential buildings. Instead, there's only advertising."

The average level of background noise in Athens, he said, registered 74 decibels this year, compared with 87 decibels in New York and 76 in Rome, but only 41 in Washington.

Kolonaki, an area of boutiques and plush apartments, and other areas amplify a cacophony.

Invariably there are the motorcycles, some without mufflers (as *macho dicatas*), and taxi-cab drivers cursing their fate and squealing their tires, and the car horns blaring in the snarls, doomed sirens of despair.

"Noise is a very severe problem," said Spiros Papapigroriou, a specialist at the Environment Ministry.

The rapid expansion and congestion in Athens over recent decades, and the increase in migrants from the countryside, have nudged the city beyond the decibel thresholds of many other metropolises.

The noise levels in Athens, according to Panayote Christodoulakis of the Pan Hellenic Center for Environmental Studies, have risen between 100 and 200 percent over the last five years, and the current advertising campaign is unlikely to stop the torment.

"No real measures are being taken," Mr. Christodoulakis said. "The authorities should be building walls and planting trees to stop the noise from infiltrating residential buildings. Instead, there's only advertising."

The average level of background noise in Athens, he said, registered 74 decibels this year, compared with 87 decibels in New York and 76 in Rome, but only 41 in Washington.

Noise in the city, he said, is causing "irreparable damage to the nervous system."

That theme is echoed in the official advertising campaign, which offers a sobering list of noise-related ailments: anxiety, fatigue, sleeplessness, aggression, hypertension, low spirits, melancholy, irritation and neuroses.

Mr. Papapigroriou acknowledged that, thus far, the month-old campaign had had no audible effect. And some people argue that, in a land where a whisper is rarely used when a shout will do, the official urging of silence is unlikely to bring quick results.

Some say Greece created an anti-noise reflex with the institution of the siesta, from 2:30 to 5:30 P.M., when all is supposed to fall silent except for the snores and snuffles of those asleep.

In an interview conducted by telephone, Mr. Papapigroriou was discussing whether the readiness to make noise implied an indifference among Greeks to the tribulations it brings to their neighbors.

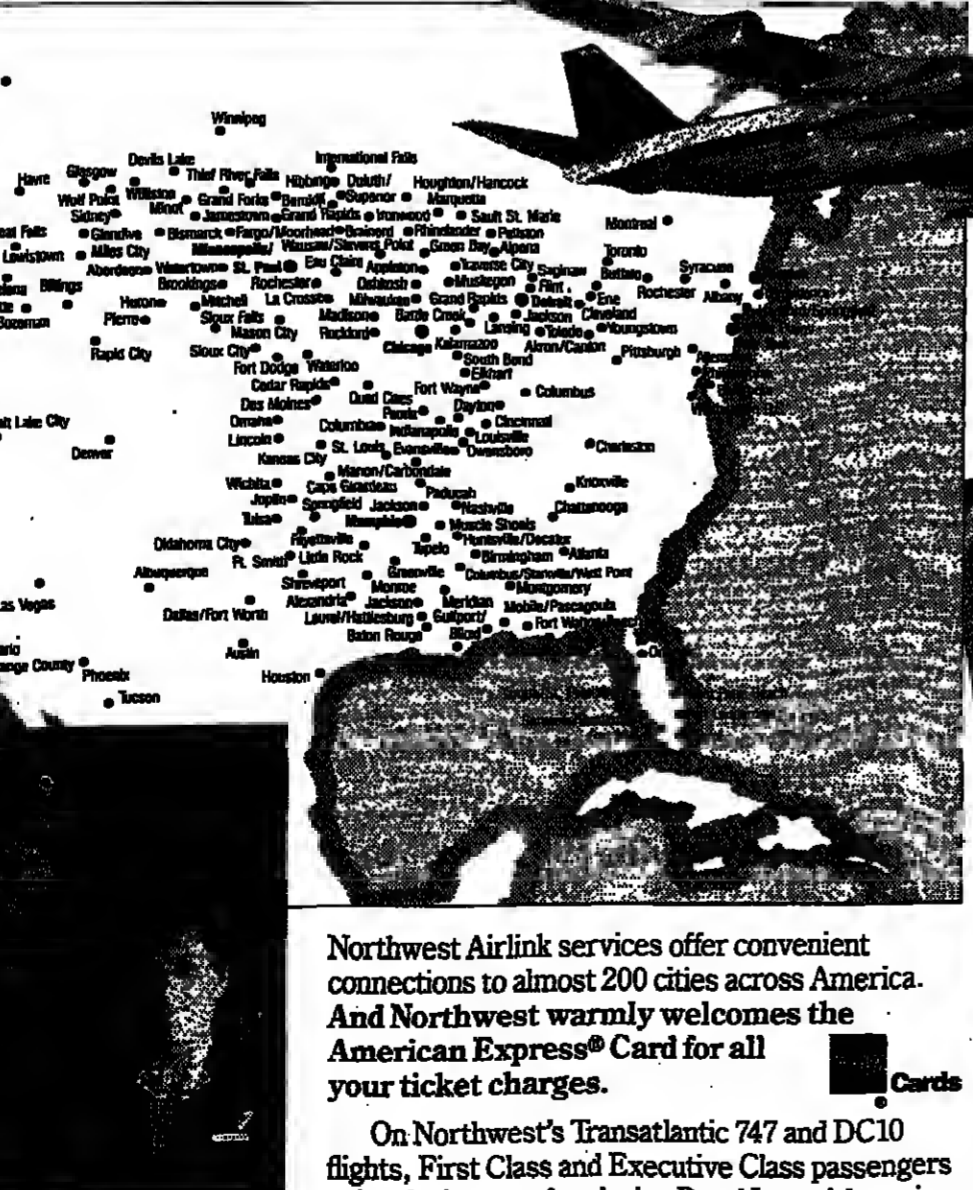
The interviewer was asked to repeat a part of his question because Mr. Papapigroriou had not heard all of it. "There's too much noise in my office," he said.

# End of Battle Is

Thousands of workers staged a 24-hour strike in the giant Hyundai plant in the country's biggest export, steel, and the release of 23 arrested workers facing trial after the last week. The Hyundai strike ended in a defeat for the workers but a victory for the unionists, the officials said.

Seven month-old science teachers were reported in a 22-hour strike in the capital. The teachers' strike ended in a defeat for the teachers but a victory for the unionists, the officials said.

The senior management of a multinational dollar scandal was reported in a 22-hour strike in the capital. The teachers' strike ended in a defeat for the teachers but a victory for the unionists, the officials said.



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INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

The Monetary Challenge

International finance officials are traveling again. Cynics would equate their mileage with the volatility of exchange rates. An official briefcase and a worried look speak volumes to the money markets.

Why Spend on Allies?

Dear Donald Trump: Your recent letter to the American people, printed as an advertisement, makes a compelling case: America spends billions protecting friends and allies who are thus freed to build up their economies while the military burden sinks America's.

Flat Wages in America

American workers used to be able to assume a rising standard of living; each year would be better than the last. They can no longer be so confident. Wage rates in the society are flat and have been for some time.



Airline Deregulation: Europe in a Holding Pattern

RUSSELS — The closing months of this year were to have seen Europe's long-promised "freedom of the skies" become reality. But in midsummer the European Commission's efforts to deregulate civil aviation stalled unexpectedly.

Deregulation Isn't to Blame

WHY are airline fares skyrocketing in America? Why is service going to the dogs? Why don't some pilots find the right runway or even the right airport?

The Public Interest Loses

WALTER ADAMS and James W. Brock (see previous item) contend that the airlines mess does not arise because of deregulation but because of the Reagan administration's failure to enforce antitrust laws.

Nicaragua: A Signal to Reagan From the Kremlin?

WASHINGTON — In an arid stroke of geopolitical irony, Mikhail Gorbachev seems to be presenting Ronald Reagan with a powerful incentive to extricate the United States from the Nicaraguan morass and to advance toward a Central American settlement.

A Last Lap, In Tandem With Baker

WASHINGTON — President Reagan's long vacation is over, and he is about to embark on what the White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater calls "the busiest month of his presidency."

Reagan faces three major challenges in striving to end his term on an upbeat

ervatives refuse to understand that improved spy satellites have made possible to detect Soviet cheating without intrusive on-site inspections. He also complains that his old friend giving him no credit for genuinely desiring an arms agreement, preferring to pretend that he is being manipulated by the State Department, his wife or the chimera of history.

The Public Requires Proof

LAST year the conservative Heritage Foundation and the liberally oriented Brookings Institution both issued reports saying that the goal of airline deregulation — to engender competition, helping consumers both on service and on ticket prices — had been substantially achieved.

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1912: Suffragist Protest LONDON — The latest outbreak of Suffragist activity is a demonstration at Balmoral. In the darkness of the night [on Sept. 6] some Suffragists managed to elude the police guards and penetrate to the golf course.

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OPINION

A Last In Tandem With Ball

By Lou Cannon... WASHINGTON — Reagan's long over and he is about to get the White House...

Let's Cut the Nativist Bigotry Out of the U.S. Constitution

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — I want to be a delegate to the next constitutional convention (Con Con II). Here is my platform: Amend the constitution to make it possible for naturalized citizens to become president or vice president of the United States.

ESSAY

no documentary clues to the intent of those who framed the constitution, but a letter from John Jay to George Washington shows a genesis in an obsessive concern for national security.

Presidential Timber?

THE résumé of America's choice for president in 1988: Male, Conservative, White, Under 65 years of age, a U.S. senator. Not a millionaire.



Ballooning: Above Everything Except the Old Man's Hot Air

By George F. Will

ASPEN, Colorado — By September, when sunshine has bleached all marks previously made by schooling on children, parents seek ways to inculcate education into entertainment.

MEANWHILE

dividual and natural forces. Except for periodic bursts from the propane heater, balloonists experience a silence more pure than that of a meadow.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

An Imported Scotch on Antarctic Ice? Don't Exaggerate

Regarding "Pursuing Fads in Japan" (Aug. 19) by Clyde Haberman: I am writing you by hand because I could not wait until my return to the United States to comment on this shockingly misleading article.

Through the Back Door

We commend the proposal by Paul Leventhal and Milton Hoening to use tritium production as a highly visible method of arms control and stockpile reduction.

Patterns of Expansion

In "For Now, Soviet Jets Are Half an Hour Away" (Aug. 27), Arthur Ross and Eric Margolis write: "There is a clear pattern of territorial expansion in Soviet history, particularly southward."

Most businessmen and travelers know that living in Japan is expensive, especially in the Tokyo area. Many do not know that salaries are not commensurately higher.

On June 24, 1784, Edward Warren, a 13-year-old Baltimorean, went aloft in a tethered balloon, thereby becoming the first American to take flight from the republic's soil.

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# Honecker Starts His Historic Visit to West Germany

By Robert J. McCartney  
Washington Post Service

**BONN** — Erich Honecker and Chancellor Helmut Kohl discussed human rights and disarmament issues Monday after a military honor guard welcomed Mr. Honecker at the beginning of the first trip by an East German leader to West Germany.

Both sides characterized the talks as a positive step for inter-German relations, but they provided few details at the end of the first day of the five-day visit. The two leaders appeared to be taking a generally cautious approach and sticking to a carefully planned agenda.

Mr. Honecker, 75 years old, achieved a long-held goal when he was greeted at the chancellery in Bonn with nearly all of the trappings normally given to a foreign head of state.

Chancellor Kohl said Monday evening that West Germany was sticking to its constitutional commitment to seek German reunification.

Mr. Honecker made no public commitments regarding travel or other human rights issues. He noted, however, that 866,000 East Germans of below retirement age were allowed to visit West Germany in the first eight months of this year.

# An Eastern Bloc Message for Bonn: Honecker Won't Spell Reunification

By John Tagliabue  
New York Times Service

**WARSAW** — Poland and the Soviet Union, East Germany's major Warsaw Pact neighbors and partners, have warned West Germany against raising hopes that Erich Honecker's visit to Bonn will lead to eventual German reunification.

ern bloc brought about by the policies of Mikhail S. Gorbachev. German leaders in East and West have hailed the visit that started Monday as historic. At least twice in recent years Moscow prevented Mr. Honecker from becoming the first East German leader to travel to West Germany.

Both their countries' economies are badly in need of corrective measures. Diplomats and analysts have said that this time, Mr. Honecker appeared to be acting in step with a steady diplomatic opening to Bonn being orchestrated by Mr. Gorbachev.

# City of Brezhnev Sour on Its Name

The Associated Press

**MOSCOW** — The weekly news magazine Ogonyok says dozens of residents of the city of Brezhnev have written to local Communist Party officials asking for a return to the city's old name.

# Clashes Among Tamils Delay Sri Lankan Peace

Reuters

**COLOMBO**, Sri Lanka — Clashes among rival Tamil guerrilla groups are stalling Sri Lanka's peace agreement, officials said Monday.



Klaas de Jonge and a friend, Judith Harwarden, celebrating his 50th birthday at the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria.

# South Africa and Angola Make 135-for-1 Trade

By William Claiborne  
Washington Post Service

**JOHANNESBURG** — In an elaborate exchange in the Mozambican capital of Maputo, the South African government swapped 133 captured Angolan soldiers and two French and Dutch prisoners Monday night for a white South African Army commando officer who was captured two years ago during a raid in northern Angola.

# Soviet Said To Permit 2 Dissidents To Emigrate

The Associated Press

**MOSCOW** — Josef Z. Begun, a Jewish dissident imprisoned for more than three years by the Soviet Union, will be allowed to emigrate with his family, his son said Monday.

"The unification of Germany is not on the agenda in the historically anticipated future," the Polish government daily Rzeczpospolita said in an editorial last week.

This year, the cautionary statements are restrained. Western diplomats said this probably reflected a subtle reversal of roles by Poland and East Germany within the Eastern bloc in recent months, and the potential for diplomatic advantage to the East that the Honecker visit affords.

Relations between East Berlin and Warsaw have rarely been cordial, and labor unrest brought under control only at the price of broad political concessions, and subsequently martial law, in the early 1980s meant that Poland was viewed by the elderly Kremlin leadership of the time as the most suspect and deviant of its allies.

At least seven persons had been killed and two wounded since Thursday in fighting between the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam and two other groups.

Mr. Honecker's arrival was accompanied by seven demonstrations — six opposing him and one in favor. All were orderly and very small, the police said.

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# Netherlands Will Send Anti-Mine Ships to Gulf

Compiled in Our Staff From Dispatches

**THE HAGUE** — The Netherlands will send two mine-hunting ships to the Gulf, joining the United States, Britain, Italy and France in patrolling the shipping lanes.

# Italian Force Delayed

The Decision by Italy to send a naval task force to the Gulf has provoked a political row that will delay the ships' departure at least until the end of this week.

The decision to send ships was made Friday by the cabinet. On Monday it was being presented to the Senate Defense Commission, beginning a week of examination by various parliamentary committees.

# Void Money Spurs Unrest in Burma

Reuters

**BANGKOK** — Widespread anger at a Burmese government decision to invalidate much of the country's money has sparked street protests, the first reported there in 13 years, travelers and diplomats said Monday.

# In Seoul, your preferred choice is Hotel Lotte

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# Italian Force Delayed

The decision by Italy to send a naval task force to the Gulf has provoked a political row that will delay the ships' departure at least until the end of this week.

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# Soviet Said To Permit 2 Dissidents To Emigrate

The Associated Press

**MOSCOW** — Josef Z. Begun, a Jewish dissident imprisoned for more than three years by the Soviet Union, will be allowed to emigrate with his family, his son said Monday.

# William Hale

William Hale, director general of the British Broadcasting Corp. from 1944 to 1952 and then editor of the Times until 1957, died at age 86.

# Memorial Notice

David Joseph HOWARD, 67, died at his home in New York City on September 5, 1987. He was a member of the New York City Police Department for 25 years.

# Turks' Nod to Fr Vote Raises Mor

By Alan Cowell

**ANKARA** — The Turkish government has given a nod to the French proposal to allow the return of the military to the streets.

# South Africa and Angola Make 135-for-1 Trade

By William Claiborne  
Washington Post Service

**JOHANNESBURG** — In an elaborate exchange in the Mozambican capital of Maputo, the South African government swapped 133 captured Angolan soldiers and two French and Dutch prisoners Monday night for a white South African Army commando officer who was captured two years ago during a raid in northern Angola.



Soviet To Permit 2 Dissidents To Emigrate

...the Soviet government has agreed to permit two dissidents to emigrate...

Angola Trade

...the National Total Independence... the same agreement...

Turks' Nod to Freedom: Vote Raises More Issues

By Alan Cowell New York Times Service ANKARA — By only the most slender of margins, Turks have voted to restore political freedoms to their best-known former leaders...

NEWS ANALYSIS

...on the issue, the outcome seemed so close as to offer more questions than answers. Provisional results showed just over 50 percent of Turkish voters had cast a ballot in favor of lifting bans on more than 200 former politicians...

point. The result thus seemed open to challenge as a clear indication of the nation's wishes. Politically, analysts said, the frail and ambiguous margin seemed to signify a profound division, or even schizophrenia, in a land torn between an urge for democratic freedoms and a fear that the fruits of such liberties could prove to be a return to the chaos that prompted the military coup in 1980...

"Turkey is very much divided," said Professor Serif Mardin of Bosphorus University in Istanbul. "And the referendum, instead of uniting the population, divided them."

Associate Professor Nilufer Gole of the same university said: "When people said 'no,' they showed that they wanted stability and peace. When they said 'yes,' they showed they are in favor of freedom."

The issues are important to Turks and outsiders alike. Since the founding of the modern Turkish Republic in 1923 by Mustafa Kemal Ataturk, this land spanning Asia and Europe has sought to emulate Western ideals, thereby offering itself for judgment by Western standards of democracy and respect for human rights.

The military intervention from 1980 to 1983 offended both yardsticks, and particularly since Ankara applied for membership of the European Community in April, some West European nations have pressed for evidence of improvements.



Former Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel as the referendum results came in.

rights to Mr. Demirel and Mr. Ecevit publicly while privately claiming the narrow margin as a factor militating against their return to power in the November election.

The closeness of the result was widely interpreted as a triumph for Mr. Ozal — despite the country's economic woes, and his poor showing in elections last year — and a severe setback for those former politicians who had expected a greater majority of "yes" votes.

For one thing, the lifting of the political bans will enable Mr. Ozal to rebut criticism that Turkish democracy is flawed. At the same time, however, the body of "no" votes suggests potential support in

the November elections, offering the prospect of a renewed five-year mandate, possibly with an improved majority.

In 1983, Mr. Ozal came to power in a vote supervised by the military. Mr. Demirel, his main contender in the November election, was excluded from the vote by the political bans placed on them a year earlier.

Those limitations on the freedom of the voters' choice prompted opposition taunts that Mr. Ozal's rise to power had no legitimacy — an assertion that has long rankled.

Political analysis in Turkey said the outcome of the referendum did

not necessarily preclude the outcome of the November election. "Some said 'no' because they didn't want the real extremists to come back along with Demirel and Ecevit," a political scientist at Ankara University said. "Some said 'yes' because they wanted to improve democracy, not because they supported either Demirel or Ecevit."

Industrialist Is Interrogated in Italy Over Exporting of Mines to Mideast

LA SPEZIA, Italy — A magistrate investigating arms deals and drug trafficking allegedly involving the Gulf Arab terrorists and the Mafia questioned on Monday a leading industrialist who had been arrested along with 31 other suspects.

Magistrate Giovanni Panebianco of Massa traveled to this port city near Genoa to interrogate Ferdinando Borletti, 65, president of the Valsella Meccanotecnica engineering firm, based outside Brescia in northern Italy.

Mr. Panebianco also questioned Mr. Borletti's son Giovanni, 33, director-general of the company. Both are accused of illegal exporting of arms to belligerent countries in the Middle East.

Four other Valsella managers have also been arrested. Magistrates believe that thousands of naval mines produced by Valsella were exported to Iran via Syria using false certificates.

The Valsella directors protested their innocence, officials said. In the past they have admitted legal sales of mines and other munitions worth several million dollars to Nigeria.

The arrests followed the seizure of a Lebanese freighter, the Boustany I, off the southeastern port of Bari on Sept. 2.

The police found arms and drugs aboard the vessel, and magistrates

said they believed the weapons had been intended to create a number of arms caches in Italy and other European countries at the disposal of Middle Eastern terrorist groups.

The magistrates said they believed a Middle Eastern group linked to the Palestinian terrorist leader Abu Nidal and the Italian Mafia had struck a deal for the establishment of the arms deposits.

Austrian Executive Held

The former chief of a subsidiary of Austria's biggest company has been detained in connection with an inquiry into reports that the state-owned concern was involved in illegal arms trading with Iran.

Reuters reported from Vienna. The Linz state attorney said

Monday that Peter Unterwiesinger, former head of Noricum, a weapons manufacturing company that is a subsidiary of the conglomerate VOEST-Alpine AG, was detained over the weekend on suspicion of involvement with others in alleged deals and embezzlement of weapons payments.

No charges have been placed against Mr. Unterwiesinger, who left his post in April in a management shake-up at VOEST-Alpine. The engineering concern has suffered major losses in recent years.

Austrian authorities have for months been investigating charges that 140 cannons and weapons worth \$300 million were delivered by Noricum to Iran in the spring of 1985.

WORLD MARKETS IN REVIEW IN THE IHT EVERY MONDAY. A WEEKLY REVIEW OF WORLD STOCK MARKETS. ESSENTIAL READING FOR INVESTORS AND PROFESSIONALS WORLDWIDE

Sir William Haley, English Journalist, Dies at 86

JERSEY, Channel Islands — Sir William Haley, director general of the British Broadcasting Corp. from 1944 to 1952 and then editor of The Times until 1966, has died at the age of 86.

Sir William died Sunday at the Clifton nursing home in Jersey, the largest of the Channel Islands off the northern coast of France.

Born in Jersey in 1901, Sir William was educated at Cambridge University and at Darlington College in New Hampshire. He joined the Manchester Evening News in 1922 as an editor, becoming managing editor and a director of the newspaper in 1930.

Sir William was a director of Reuters and of the British domestic news agency Press Association from 1939 to 1943. He was appointed editor in chief of the BBC in 1943 and became director general the following year. After 14 years as editor of The Times, he spent a year as chairman of Times Newspapers Ltd. in 1967.

Sir William was knighted by Queen Elizabeth II in 1964.

He moved to Chicago to become editor in chief of Encyclopedia Britannica from 1968 to 1969, and spent his retirement years in Jersey.

Quinn Martin, 65, American TV Producer

RANCHO SANTA FE, California — Quinn Martin, 65, who for two decades was one of the most successful Hollywood producers with such popular television series as "The Untouchables," "The FBI" and "The Fugitive," died Saturday.

Other long-running series he produced were "The Streets of San Francisco," starring Michael Douglas and Karl Malden, "Cannon" with William Conrad, and "Barnaby Jones," starring Buddy Ebsen.

Mr. Martin also produced "The

Invaders," "12 O'Clock High," "Quinn Martin's Tales of the Unexpected" and "Most Wanted."

At the time of his death, Mr. Martin was president and chief executive officer of QM Communications, which was developing two major movies for Warner Brothers.

Other Deaths

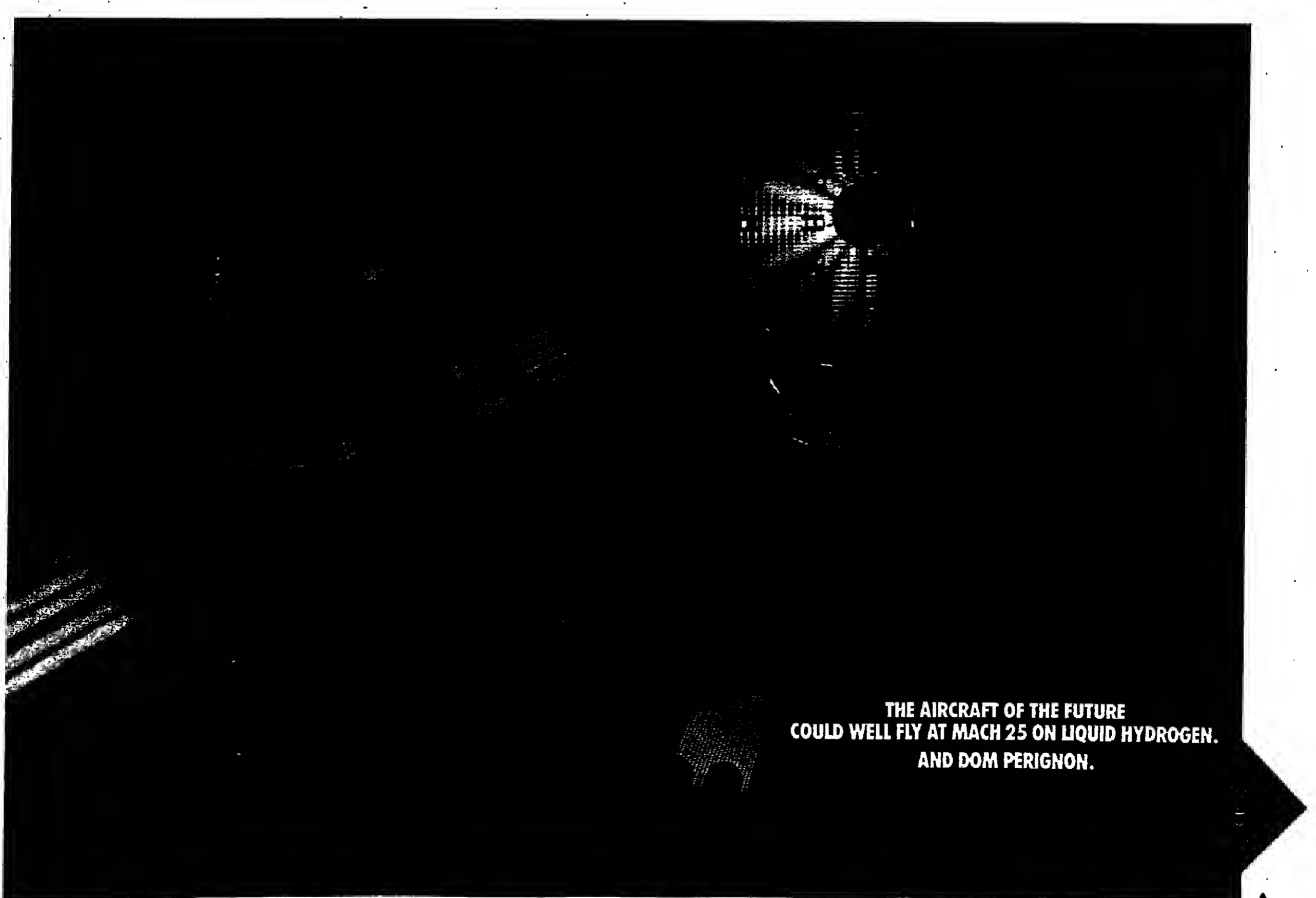
Richard Margrand, 49, director of "Return of the Jedi" and "Jagged Edge," Friday near London.

Lee Theodore, 54, a Broadway dancer, choreographer and founder of the American Dance Machine, Thursday in New York.

Enrique de la Mata, 53, president of the League of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, in Rome on Sunday night, the world Red Cross body said Monday.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED (Continued From Back Page) ESCORTS & GUIDES LONDON BELGRAVIA MAYFAIR CLUB CAPRICE-NY ZURICH 558720 KENSINGTON GENEVA ESCORT SERVICE ZURICH CAROLINE

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ARTS / LEISURE

Making a Mark In Technopop

By Mike Zwercin
International Herald Tribune
PARIS — Ryuichi Sakamoto cannot figure out why Japan is able to export just about everything except rock music.

mans Klaus Schulze, Tangerine Dream and Can with the Broadway song form. The group Kraftwerk, from Düsseldorf, became an influential international hit exporting this style of music in the late 1970s.



Ryuichi Sakamoto: Capturing "certain aspects of the contemporary Asian mind set."

light CMI, a computerized synthesizer that samples rock drums, Balinese percussion, pipa (Chinese lute) and shakubachi (Japanese bamboo flute).

In Japan Sakamoto comes across as a serious artist trying hard to "capture certain aspects of the contemporary Asian mind set."

the international market. So I put in more of an Oriental flavor than I otherwise would have.

Next Best Thing to an Outdoor Wedding

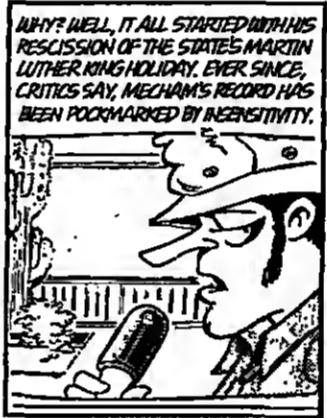
By Richard F. Shepard
New York Times Service
NEW YORK — It wasn't June, which rhymes with honeymoon, and August has not made the top 10 in the love song arena.

park as photo opportunity for the wedding album is even more so. At the Queens Botanical Garden, about two dozen couples can pose on any weekend before the colorful tumult of flowers and under the gaze of the cosmopolitan, multilingual crowd that is the 38-acre park's clientele.

in Flushing, The Chetrams and their party, who all hail from Guyana, were being posed in the garden's pineum by a camera crew that would not have seemed understaffed in a high-fashion studio.

town," said Eng who, like his wife, is American-born of Chinese background. "But it was raining, so we didn't use the permit for the garden then and they said we could come back some other time."

DOONESBURY



Doonesbury cartoon panels.

Saving Venice, in Style

By Mary Davis Suro
New York Times Service

VENICE — Even the gondolas seemed to be swaying in time on the moonlit Grand Canal as Bobby Short entertained the international guests at a sparkling dinner-dance organized by Save Venice, Inc., an American group dedicated to preserving the art treasures of this city.

While the strains of the Rodgers and Hart song "Manhattan" drifted over the water, more than 400 guests dined and danced in the frescoed ballroom of the Palazzo Pisani Moretta.

room. When Joanne Davis from Texas disembarked, aflame in tight-fitting, ruffled red satin, she provoked one loud comment. "The Texans have now arrived."

For some, the week was a nostalgic journey. The jewelry designer Kenneth Jay Lane, between lamentations about the heat — Gothic millstone windows don't take air-conditioning units — said he was staying in the same palazzo he had occupied on his first trip to Venice in 1959.

The Audi 100 CS quattro. What more could you want?

Audi advertisement featuring a large image of an Audi 100 CS quattro car. Text includes: "What qualities do you look for in a touring saloon? Reliability, durability, comfort, performance? And the technology to go with it? This, and a good deal more, is exactly what you get with an Audi 100 CS quattro. And all wrapped up in an elegant package." "First of all you get all the quality that goes to make an Audi 100 an Audi 100. Its fully galvanized body offers the best long term anti-corrosion protection available. Its five-cylinder injection engines, for example, produce performance plus." "They give the Audi 100 CS quattro not only plenty of sting but also the sophistication you would expect of a car of this class. Its finely tuned running gear and quattro permanent four-wheel drive give the car even greater active safety and better performance attributes. All designed to make driving that much more fun. Because quattro drive means superior handling, not only in rain and snow. But also on dry roads. Why not go for a test drive with a difference." Audi logo and "Vorsprung durch Technik" slogan.

Ethical Questions With the French

By Jacques Neveu
PARIS — With the version of London quickly to establish its image in the process, French dealers are being driven through a maze of day-to-day decisions to greater areas such as the market and management in the market and management in the market and management in the market.

THE SEARCH for a code of ethics this year by Yves Le Portz, president des Operations de Bourse, the organization of the French market.

Currency Rates

Table with columns for Currency, Rate, and other financial data.

New Dollar Values

Table with columns for Country, Currency, and Value.

Interest Rates

Table with columns for Term, Rate, and other financial data.

Asian Exchange Rates

Table with columns for Country, Rate, and other financial data.

U.S. Money

Table with columns for Term, Rate, and other financial data.



TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1987

Page 9

INTERNATIONAL STOCK MARKETS

Ethical Questions Explode With the French 'Big Bang'

By JACQUES NEHER  
Special to the Herald Tribune

PARIS—With its version of London's "Big Bang" financial deregulation looming, the Paris Bourse is moving quickly to establish some basic rules of the game, and in the process, polish its image before the international financial community. Brokers, dealers and regulators in recent months have been trying to create a code of conduct that will guide them through a maze of day-to-day ethical questions.

This discussion covers everything from clear-cut issues like insider trading, to grayer areas, such as managing the sometimes contradictory roles played by brokers when they both trade in the market and manage investors' money.

Separately, but not unrelated, are current efforts to boost the security of the booming MATIF financial futures market in Paris by instituting strict standards—and for the first time, penalties.

The new limits, expected to be approved this week, will make it more difficult for one of the 100 clearing-house members to control the futures market. The standards will also limit speculation by members or their clients not having sufficient resources to absorb possible losses.

The call for ethical standards at the Bourse is seen, in part, as an acknowledgment by the French profession that there might indeed be some truth to suspicions of impropriety within their ranks. These suspicions, often whispered by their counterparts in London, stem from the "private club" nature of the Bourse—an institution that has allowed only a select group of Paris brokers to play the market since the era of Napoleon.

However, new legislation, expected to be passed this autumn, will break this monopoly progressively over the next five years. The bill will allow banks or other financial institutions to buy into the capital of the 46 Paris brokers beginning next year. By 1992, outside financial institutions, including foreign banks and brokers, would themselves be able to apply for Bourse admission.

It is this *Big Bang à la française* that is motivating the new wave of ethical introspection.

"This has to be seen in the context of the deregulation going on through the European markets," said Angus McNeillage, who watches the French market for James Capel & Co. in London.

"The French have their Big Bang coming up. They have to put their house in order before that," he said. "If they want to be international, they have to act by international standards."

THE SEARCH for a code of ethics was spearheaded early this year by Yves Le Portz, president of the Commission des Opérations de Bourse, the organization charged with regulating the market. Noting that France's financial markets in recent years have experienced "a profound transformation" posing "great ethical problems," Mr. Le Portz called upon Gilles Brac de la Perrière, president of Banque Privée de Gestion Financière, to form a committee to explore the problems.

Mr. Brac de la Perrière's 12-member study group—made up of bankers, brokers, fund managers, regulators, even a judge—yielded its first results in late July. With the benefit of comments from the profession, and further study on specific points this fall, an ethics code should be ready by the end of the year, according to Pierre Fleuriot, the COB's director of research.

The code would detail a host of offenses and specify self-policing mechanisms to prevent them, Mr. Fleuriot said, adding that such a code will complement the new law that liberalizes the Bourse and breaks the monopoly held by the Paris brokers.

A preview of the code can be derived from the committee's July

See ETHICS, Page 11

The French market 'has to act by international standards,' a foreign analyst said.

For German Brewers, Prost's the Word

Loss in Court Has Become a Boon at the Bar

By Ferdinand Proetzman  
International Herald Tribune

FRANKFURT — The West German brewers' battle to uphold the Reinheitsgebot, or "purity command," has proven to be the best thing to happen to their beer since Duke George the Rich of the Bavarian city of Landshut decreed in 1493 that "to avoid punishment to body and property, nothing but malt, hops and water" would be used in the brewing.

Since the European Court of Justice ruled in March that the Reinheitsgebot constituted an illegal restraint of trade, not one additional foreign brand of beer has been put on the domestic market, according to the West German Brewers' Association.

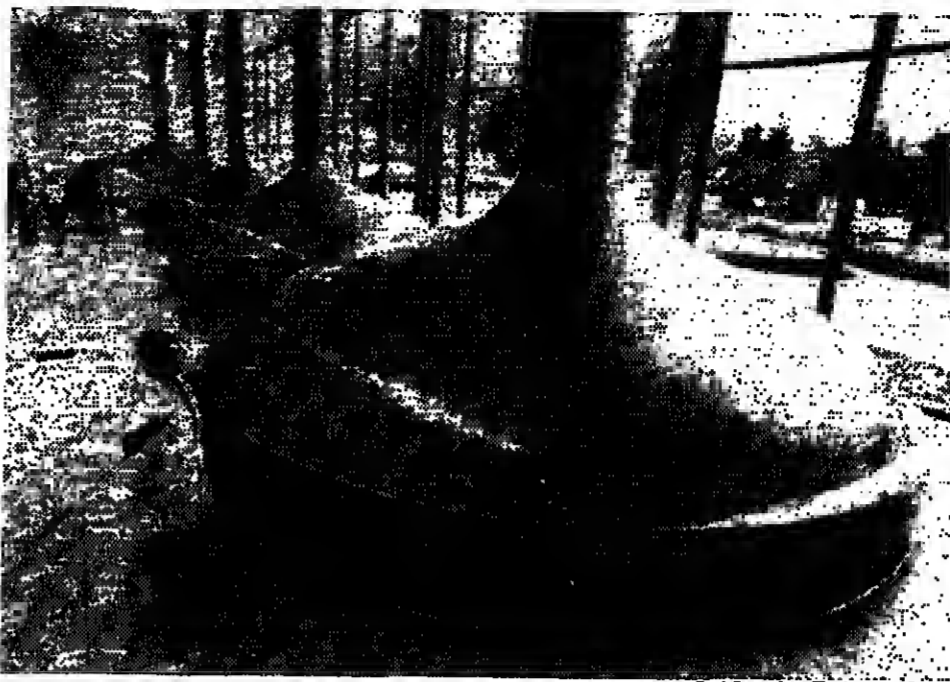
Even as brewers and government officials criticized the court's decision to open West Germany to foreign beers containing chemical additives, a decision they called "culturally insensitive" and "health-threatening," the brewers realized that the three-year battle had been a bonanza of publicity.

Thanks to the Luxembourg-based court, the rest of the world learned about the high quality of beer brewed under the Reinheitsgebot, which was officially imposed in 1516 by Duke Wilhelm of Bavaria—although he added yeast to George the Rich's roster—and which became the law of the land for all Germany in 1906.

At the same time, West Germany's fiercely nationalistic beer-drinkers had their belief reinforced, by testimony from government officials, that foreign beers are laced with an array of potentially hazardous chemicals.

If anything, the court's decision has made it more difficult for foreign beers to make headway in West Germany.

"Nothing has changed, just as



At Frankfurt's Binding-Brauerei, five huge copper kettles are in operation around the clock.

we expected," said Klaus Asche, chief executive of Holsten-Brauerei AG in Hamburg, who was president of the brewers' association when the court made its ruling. "As the proceedings went along, we realized this was outstanding publicity for German beer. The Reinheitsgebot, which was little known, became a synonym for first-class, quality beer. We are quite happy about it."

Mr. Asche said the brewers, who had fought the issue tooth and nail since the European Community took the matter to court in 1984, did so because "it was purely a health question."

After the decision, West Germany's brewers agreed to remain true to the Reinheitsgebot, he said. "But it would have been grotesque not to oppose the sale here of beers containing any of 60 different chemicals, at a time when the World Health Organization is working to reduce the number of preservatives in foods.

We fought to protect our consumers."

That altruism may have been abetted by a desire to keep control of an already brutally competitive market, according to importers.

The government lists beer as a basic foodstuff, not an alcoholic beverage, and the nation's 1,200 breweries pumped out 9.4 billion liters (2.4 billion gallons) of it in 1986, up 0.8 percent from 1985, according to statistics from the brewers' association. Consumption this year is slightly below the pace of 1986, a decline attributed to the cold, rainy summer. Since 1971, brewery production has hovered between 9.0 billion and 9.5 billion liters.

Beer sales in 1986 totaled 14.8 billion Deutsche marks (about \$3.2 billion at current exchange rates), up from 14.4 billion DM in 1985.

Nearly all the beer produced domestically goes down German

throats. Per capita consumption, which is claimed to be the highest in the world, was 146.5 liters in 1986, up from 145.4 liters in 1985. In Bavaria, where it all began, per capita consumption was 225 liters in 1986, according to Gerhard Ohmelt, managing director of the Union of Munich Brewers.

"Since that includes babies and old folks, the total is certainly much higher for the in-between ages," he added. "It's liquid bread for a Bavarian."

Exports rose to 5.4 billion liters in 1986, from 5.1 billion in 1985. While brewers say the thirst for German beer is growing abroad, the strength of the mark against other major currencies is limiting export gains.

Germany certainly isn't lusty for other beers. Imports totaled 1.1 billion liters in 1986, up from 1.0 billion in 1985. That translates into an unheated market share of 1.2 percent, and

See BREWERS, Page 10

British Banks Reject Brazil's New Debt Plan

LONDON — British banks rejected on Monday a plan by Brazil that would turn part of its \$112 billion debt into securities, banking sources said.

"They came, they saw, they didn't conquer," said a British banker who attended talks among bankers and Brazilian officials here on Sunday and Monday.

The rejection was a serious blow to Brazil's hopes for the plan, which Japanese bankers had already called unworkable when the proposal was first floated last week.

The British bankers, who have now seen details of the plan, told Brazil's main debt negotiators, Fernando Bracher and Antonio de Padua Seixas, that they would not consider any plan that required a write-off of debt.

Brazil, the developing world's largest debtor, had proposed turning about half of its \$68 billion in debt owed to foreign banks into long-term bonds. The banks would then sell the bonds at a discount of around 70 to 75 percent of their nominal value, getting back most, but not all, of their money.

Although banks currently trade Brazilian loans at around 55 percent of their face value, Brazilian officials have said that the total yield on the bonds, presumably including interest, would roughly equal the return from this lower discount.

Banks have already been increasing their reserves against possible loan losses because of their exposure to Brazil. The country shocked the international financial community in February when it announced a moratorium on its interest payments to foreign banks.

But, a British banker said, "setting aside reserves is very different from actually writing off the debt."

Earlier this summer, British banks, following their U.S. counterparts, set aside reserves equal to 25 to 30 percent of their loans to Latin America.

Brazil has maintained that it would not resume its interest payments, or reach an accord with the International Monetary Fund for new loans accompanied by domestic economic changes, until a new debt agreement is concluded with the commercial banks.

In the talks, the Brazilian officials also said that the securities would be very long term, having a maturity of about 35 years. Since the loans involved are of much shorter maturities, this so-called securitization plan is in effect a sub-

stantial repayment delay, the sources said.

U.S. bankers attending a debt symposium in Vienna last week were more cautious in their reaction to the plan, and said they would await the details.

Meanwhile, British bankers said the committee of Brazil's creditor banks might be willing to consider lending part of the \$7.3 billion in new loans the country has requested if the proceeds were used to pay about \$7.1 billion of interest payments due on loans in 1987 and 1988.

Central Banks Press Call for Stable Dollar

BASEL, Switzerland — Leading central bankers believe the dollar has fallen far enough and think last Friday's U.S. interest rate hikes will help stabilize it, Karl Otto Pöhl, president of West Germany's Bundesbank, said Monday.

Speaking after meeting other central bank governors, including Alan Greenspan, the new head of the U.S. Federal Reserve Board, Mr. Pöhl said they also remained committed to the Louvre accord on stabilizing the dollar. The accord was signed in Paris on Feb. 22.

"It became very clear that the governors believe that stability of exchange rates is very desirable, both for the United States and for Europe and Japan," Mr. Pöhl said after a meeting of bank governors of the so-called Group of 10 industrial nations.

A huge U.S. trade deficit has led currency negotiators to think that the dollar needs to fall further, extending a decline begun in 1985 and recently accelerated.

But Mr. Pöhl said, "For the United States a further decline of the dollar would certainly lead to more inflationary pressure and even higher interest rates. In Europe and Japan a further decline in the dollar would lead to repercussions which are unwanted."

Economists say a weaker dollar would raise the price of exports of West Germany, Japan and other nations, crimping their economies.

It was the "unanimous view" of the bankers that Friday's half-

See BANKERS, Page 11

Major OPEC Nations Exceeded Quotas in August

The Associated Press

PARIS — Nearly all major OPEC oil producers, including Saudi Arabia, Iran and Iraq, violated the cartel's production limits in August, the International Energy Agency reported Monday.

In its regular monthly report on the world oil market, the agency estimated total production by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries at 19.7 million barrels a day in August. The cartel's self-imposed production ceiling is 16.6 million barrels daily.

July output had been estimated at 18.2 million barrels a day. A barrel equals 42 gallons (160 liters).

OPEC does not publish official oil production figures. Its president, Rilwanu Lukman of Nigeria, said recently that output by the cartel was running no more than 1.2 million barrels a day over its ceiling.

Ways of curbing the overproduction, which has contributed to the recent decline in oil prices, are to be

discussed by key OPEC oil ministers on Wednesday in Vienna.

International crude oil prices weakened again Monday as the current glut of crude oil around the world continued to weigh heavily on markets, Reuters reported from London.

[Brent blend, the most widely traded international crude, was assessed toward the European close around 40 cents below last Friday's close at \$17.75 a barrel. There were no fresh indications for the U.S. benchmark crude, West Texas Intermediate, because of the U.S. holiday on Monday. On Friday, West Texas was quoted at about \$19.35 at the close. The most widely traded Midwest crude, Dubai, dropped 30 cents to \$16.95.]

The report by the International Energy Agency, which groups 21 Western nations, made no predictions about the course of oil prices. But it estimated that oil supplies in the West exceeded demand by 2.6 million barrels a day, a glut that could continue to push prices lower.

While OPEC output has risen, oil production in the West is declining, the report said. The biggest drop has been in the United States, where output in the first five months of this year was 6.5 percent lower than in the corresponding period last year, the agency said.

The report said Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, had boosted its production in August to 4.5 million barrels a day, exceeding its OPEC-decreed quota of 4.3 million barrels daily.

That would be the first Saudi quota violation since OPEC reinstated permanent quotas last December, according to energy agency estimates.

Saudi adherence to the production limits is considered crucial, since it has the production capacity to single-handedly flood the oil market and undercut the cartel's target price of \$18 a barrel.

Iranian oil production last month jumped to 2.8 million barrels a day, compared with its quota

of 2.37 million, while Iraqi output rose to 2.2 million a day, the report said. Iraq's quota is 1.54 million a day, but the government has said it would not respect the limit.

The energy agency also said at least one cargo of Iraqi crude had been loaded in August from the terminus of Iraq's new pipeline through Turkey.

The line, with a capacity of 500,000 barrels a day, went into operation in late July, boosting Iraq's export capacity to more than 2 million barrels a day.

Ecuador, a small oil producer whose output was cut by earthquake damage to a pipeline earlier this year, was the only one of the 13 OPEC members to produce less than its quota in August, the report said.

Indonesia, Nigeria, Algeria and Gabon were close to or at their quotas, it said.

The quotas are supposed to stay in force at least until Dec. 31.

Norway Raising Foreign Share Quotas

OSLO — Norway's minority Labor government said Monday that it planned to increase the percentage of foreign ownership permitted in Norwegian companies from 20 percent to 33.3 percent of voting shares.

State Secretary Per Grimsstad said a law would be introduced soon that would also give foreign investors unlimited access to non-voting shares.

The new law would also allow individual shareholders to hold up to 20 percent of a company's stock. Currently, they must apply to the government if they wish to hold more than 10 percent.

"The new law is part of the growing internationalization of Norway," Mr. Grimsstad said. "Norwegian companies need fresh capital

to give them the chance to expand abroad."

Companies that want to increase their quota of foreign ownership must apply now for special permission, a requirement that would disappear under the new law, Mr. Grimsstad said.

"There are some fears that this will mean foreigners could gain control of Norwegian companies," Mr. Grimsstad said. "But we cannot solve the problems of industry by blocking out foreigners."

The ministry has already allowed several major companies to increase their quota of foreign ownership to improve liquidity.

On Friday, Kvaerner Industrier A/S, the engineering group, said it had won approval to raise its quota to 33 percent from 20 percent. Norway's biggest private oil

company, Saga Petroleum A/S, has submitted plans to raise permitted foreign share ownership to 40 percent from 20 percent.

Mr. Grimsstad said the planned law was unlikely to meet conservative opposition. Sources said the proposals were in line with Conservative demands to open up Norwegian financial markets.

Brokers said the Oslo bourse, which has hit a string of record highs in recent sessions on steady prices for Norway's North Sea oil and lower interest rates, would gain fresh impetus from the new law.

"Industry still has a very high level of costs and needs to break into international markets more," one broker said. "This law is part of that opening up to foreign influence."

Currency Rates

Table with columns for Currency, Par \$, and various rates for major currencies like the British pound, Swiss franc, and Japanese yen.

Table titled 'Other Dollar Values' showing exchange rates for various international currencies such as the Australian dollar, Hong Kong dollar, and New Zealand dollar.

Table titled 'Forward Rates' showing forward exchange rates for major currencies over different time periods.

Interest Rates

Table titled 'Eurocurrency Deposits' showing interest rates for various deposit terms and currencies like the dollar, Swiss franc, and sterling.

Table titled 'Key Money Rates' showing rates for various financial instruments like Treasury bills, Treasury notes, and Treasury bonds.

Table titled 'Asian Dollar Deposits' showing interest rates for dollar deposits in Asian financial centers.

Table titled 'U.S. Money Market Funds' showing yields for various money market funds.

Table titled 'Gold' showing prices for gold in different forms and locations.

Soviet Opens Home Loan Unit

MOSCOW — The Soviet government has opened a new credit institution to lead families money for homes, furniture, livestock and other big expenses, the official Tass news agency reported Monday.

Tass said interest on the loans, to be supplied from citizens' savings funds would be about 1 or 2 percent annually. Home loans will be granted for 10- or 20-year terms, with special conditions for couples building homes in Siberia, the far north and in other sparsely populated areas.

The new institute incorporates all Soviet savings banks, Tass said, and has deposits of 253 billion rubles (\$400 billion). Tass said 300,000 Soviet citizens already used bank credits granted from their work enterprises.

Advertisement for Chemical Bank Home Loans, offering 100% UK Mortgages for Expatriates with fast, personalized service and funds immediately available.

Advertisement for Putnam High Income GNMA Fund S.A., a Luxembourg-based investment fund.

Large advertisement for Audemars Piguet watches, featuring the 'The Royal Oak' design and the slogan 'One of the greatest designs of the 20th century.'



BUSINESS ROUNDUP

Ford Buys U.K. Sports Car Maker Aston Martin

DETROIT — Ford Motor Co. which has been seeking an acquisition, said Monday that it is buying the British luxury automaker Aston Martin Lagonda Ltd., which makes five hand-built cars a week. Each car is priced at \$140,000 to \$170,000.

The purchase, for an undisclosed price, follows a trend in the U.S. auto industry of buying prestige European car makers. In the past year General Motors Corp. ac-

quired Britain's Group Lotus Cars PLC, and Chrysler Corp. bought Italy's Nuova Automobili F. Lamborghini SpA.

Ford, the world's most profitable automaker, earned \$3.3 billion in 1986 and \$2.9 billion in the first half of 1987, helping build up a cash reserve of about \$9 billion with which to fund any acquisition.

Without elaborating, Ford officials said the purchase price was "very small." The British company, which has had many different owners in its 68-year history, was sold in 1981 for the reported price of about \$3 million (\$7.25 million at the time).

"Ford involvement will allow Aston Martin to expand its production capabilities and fully pursue future product programs," said Keith Whipple, chairman of Ford's European operation. "For Ford," he added, "it is an opportunity to enter the high-image specialty market where Aston Martin has earned an outstanding reputation."

Aston Martin will retain its present management, Mr. Whipple said. However, John Emmert, a Ford spokesman, said the British company would formally become a subsidiary of Ford's British operations when the transaction is closed in several weeks.

Aston Martin's 400 employees spend 16 weeks on each car, applying 20 coats of hand-rubbed paint on its V-8 Volante, V-8 Vantage, the Lagonda and the V-8 Saloon. Aston Martin also is producing 50 Vantage Zagatos, which have a top speed of 186 miles an hour (298 kilometers an hour).

Each engine is handmade and autographed by a single craftsman at Aston Martin's facilities in Newport Pagnell, England.

One of the British company's best-known cars was the Aston Martin DB-5, driven in many James Bond movies. In its lifetime, Aston Martin has built just over 10,000 cars, one of which is owned by Prince Charles.

Aston Martin will introduce a new sports car at the end of 1988, Mr. Whipple said. (AP, Reuters)



Who's importing what in the U.S.A. today?

You don't have to guess anymore. PIERS can supply you with the facts rapidly and accurately. The Journal of Commerce (New York) stations 150 reporters in 52 ports coast to coast who transcribe the details of every individual shipment entering or leaving the country. They include the identities of shippers and consignees, commodity descriptions and other information.

Our London office can supply you with instant printouts—or you can log on directly. In minutes our PIERS system can show you every import of benzyl alcohol, for instance, including

Fall in Domestic Supply Pushing Steel Prices Up

NEW YORK — Steel prices have defied widespread predictions earlier this year that they would erode by the summer and have risen gradually to their highest point in more than three years.

In July, USX Corp., the largest U.S. steelmaker, raised its prices for flat-rolled steel—the mainstay product that goes into automobiles and appliances—by 4 to 6 percent. Other companies followed and the increases have held, according to customers.

Since then, steelmakers have announced small price increases on mill items, plate and other products. Analysts and steel officials say the effect will be an overall increase of about 2 percent on all products for the year.

Although the increases are relatively small, they constitute the first rise in steel prices in several years.

For most U.S. steelmakers the higher prices will mean a return to the profitability that has eluded them for most of the past decade, when the combination of rising im-

ports and inefficient operations plunged the industry into a stubborn depression.

The force pushing steel prices upward has not so much been increased demand as the decline in the domestic supply.

The American Iron and Steel Institute estimates that steel consumption this year will increase less than 1 percent from the 70 million tons shipped by steelmakers in 1986. On the other hand, American steelmakers' total capacity will grow this year to 112 million tons from 127 million tons in 1986.

Steel company officials contend that, although the price increases are welcomed, they represent only a slight improvement for an industry battered for years.

"Even with these increases," said Thomas C. Graham, chairman of USX's steel division, "steel prices today remain approximately 25 percent below that they were in 1982." The price increases, Mr. Graham said, "only partially offset substantial price drops in recent years."

Hanson Trust Takes Stake in Midland Bank

LONDON — Hanson Trust PLC has acquired a stake of more than 5 percent in Midland Bank PLC, a Hanson director, Martin Taylor, said Monday.

A Midland spokesman confirmed the holding, saying that Hanson had acquired 27.17 million Midland shares, or 5.83 percent of the bank's issued ordinary share capital.

The Midland spokesman said, "We are pleased that Hanson shares the confidence of the board in the future of Midland."

At current market prices, the Hanson stake would be worth more than £100 million (\$163 million).

The Midland spokesman declined comment on reports that Hanson had bought its stake on speculation that Midland might be the target of a takeover bid. The takeover rumors were also discounted by banking analysts.

Bonn Approves Veba-Dynamit Deal

WEST BERLIN — The West German Cartel Office has approved the takeover of Dynamit Nobel AG's plastics and chemicals divisions by Huls AG, a subsidiary of Veba AG, a Cartel Office spokesman said Monday.

"The fusion has not been forbidden, it may go ahead without changes to the companies' structures," he said.

In May, Huls had said it would pay 400 million to 450 million Deutsche marks (\$223 million to \$251 million) for the two Dynamit units. Dynamit Nobel is a subsidiary of Feldmuehle Nobel AG.

The Veba chairman, Rudolf Bennigsen-Foerder, had said Huls would take over debts of Dynamit, so that a total of 1 billion to 1.3 billion DM would be required to finance the transaction. He had said a capital increase would not be necessary.

The Cartel Office had considered the implications of the takeover on domestic markets for polyvinyl chloride, or PVC, specialty chemicals and silicon chemicals, its spokesman said.

"There were problems regarding the addition of market share for PVC, but nevertheless competition remains overall intact due to overcapacity and strong competition from imports," he said.

Mr. Bennigsen-Foerder had said the deal meant Huls would acquire a 2.4 billion DM share of Dynamit's world group revenue, which totaled 3.49 billion DM in 1986.

Evergo Unit Buys 10% Of Comic Book Concern

HONG KONG — A unit of the Evergo Industrial Enterprise Ltd. said Monday that it had agreed to buy 51.92 million new shares, or a 10 percent stake, in Jademan (Holdings) Ltd., a comic book publisher, for 157 million Hong Kong dollars (\$20 million).

China Entertainment and Land Investment Co. said it would pay Jademan 87.09 million dollars in cash and would issue it 34.13 million new shares, equal to 3.4 percent of its total capital, at 2.05 dollars each. Jademan holds 10 million shares, or 1.6 percent, in China Entertainment.

In 1986, Dynamit's chemicals sales fell 13 percent to 1.4 billion DM, while plastics sales rose 2 percent to 919 million DM.

Chemical industry analysts said the agreement would enable Huls to benefit from economies of scale in the plastics sector and improve profitability.

In 1986, Huls's net profit rose to 199.7 million DM from 155.3 million in 1985. Veba boosted consolidated group net profit to 992 million DM in 1986 from 767 million in 1985.

Huls managing board chairman, Carl Heinrich Krauch, had said Huls attached great importance to the silicon chemicals business, which accounted for nearly 10 percent of Dynamit's chemicals revenue last year.

Dynamit sold pure silicon, used for making chips, worth 125 million DM in 1986 and claims a 30 percent stake of the European market and nearly 15 percent of the U.S. market.

Unlike most other European producers, Huls broke even on its polyvinyl chloride production last year after a rationalization program started in 1983.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS (Quotations by Funds Listed) 7th Sept. 1987

Table listing various international funds with columns for fund names, currencies, and prices. Includes sections for International Income Fund, Euro Funds, and other regional funds.

BREWERS: European Court Loss Has Become a Boon at Domestic Bars

(Continued from first finance page) even the handful of foreign brands imported before the purity law standard was struck down — such as Kronenbourg from France, Pilsener Urquell and Budweiser from Czechoslovakia and Tuborg and Carlsberg from Denmark — have hardly flourished although they adhered to the Reinheitsgebot.

"There is a very deep aversion to foreign beers among German drinkers that has been quite cleverly cultivated by the industry," said Helmut Jacobi, head of Karas International, a Frankfurt-based importer that handles Pilsener Urquell and Budweiser.

"Demand for foreign beers isn't growing, absolutely nothing changed because of the ruling," said Peter Wiegand of Bier Wiegand GmbH in Frankfurt, whose company brings in Guinness Stout and Kronenbourg. "We sell primarily to restaurants, but there is no demand. If they do come, it will be in the groceries, where they can compete through lower prices."

The situation is likely to intimidate rather than encourage foreign brewers, said Heinz Breuer, marketing director of Frankfurt's largest West German breweries.

"The German beer market is stagnating," Mr. Breuer said. "It's very crowded, very regional, very complex. I'm sure the world's lead-

Brewmasters like Georg Bartel, who holds a brewing-engineering degree, oversee the computer-controlled process. In the spotlessly clean brew house, five huge copper kettles are in operation around the clock. Laboratories monitor the beer at every stage, making more than 250 tests a day.

"I'd drink this beer even if it cost 50 pfennigs more," said a man called Willy, who said he was 52 and a Frankfurt police administrator. As he belted up to the bar in the Terminus Klausur tavern in central Frankfurt, he added, "I've never tried a foreign beer and I don't want to. With the Reinheitsgebot, I know what's in there."

Paul Zeiler, 38, is an engineer who has been a dedicated beer drinker for 22 years. Unlike Willy, he has tried foreign beers while traveling abroad.

"French beer is unsovable to German tongues," he said. "English beers are generally gruesome. And American Budweiser, well, it would take, ah, a great deal of getting used to, politely put. German beer drinkers just aren't going to go for imports."

"Foreign beers don't really have a chance here," Mr. Breuer said. "To get a German to switch brands, the brewery has to do him personal harm."

But using choice ingredients, sophisticated techniques and utmost care is only part of Mr. Bartel's job. "Beer is a matter of taste," he said. "The days of the old brewmaster stirring, tasting and throwing in a bit more hops are gone. That was too uncertain. Our beer must always taste the same. Every morning, 12 of us get together and taste, just like one tastes wines, to make sure everything is as it should be."

Clausthaler, a Binding-brewed, alcohol-free beer whose sales are currently doubling every year, was not put on the market until Mr. Bartel and his fellow experts were satisfied that it tasted like good German beer. Clausthaler has rapidly taken 54 percent of the West German market for alcohol-free beer.

Table listing various international funds with columns for fund names, currencies, and prices. Includes sections for International Income Fund, Euro Funds, and other regional funds.

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Vertical sidebar containing various financial advertisements and market data, including 'Dollar Slips in', 'Mortgages, Other', 'ETHICS: Rules for I', and 'London Metals'.



CURRENCY MARKETS

Dollar Slips in Cautious Trading

LONDON — The dollar slipped further Monday in Europe, as market participants took scant notice of Friday's rise in the U.S. discount rate, dealers said, and instead continued to worry about the huge U.S. trade deficit.

Table with columns: Country, Bid, Ask, Prev. Close. Includes entries for Deutsche marks, Japanese yen, Swiss franc, French franc.

against the U.S. currency, to \$1.6600 from \$1.6530. Dealers said trading was cautious, partly because of the U.S. holiday, and also because of the monthly meeting of central bankers at the Bank for International Settlements in Basel, where Mr. Pohl said.

BANKERS: Focus on Dollar

(Continued from first finance page) point rise to 6 percent in the Federal Reserve's discount rate would help stabilize the dollar, Mr. Pohl said.

Floating-Rate Notes

Table with columns: Issuer/Mark, Coupon, Maturity, Bid, Ask. Lists various floating rate notes from issuers like Citicorp, Citicredit, etc.

Table with columns: Issuer/Mark, Coupon, Maturity, Bid, Ask. Lists various international bonds and currencies like Deutsche Marks, Japanese Yen, Pounds Sterling.

Mortgages, Other Consumer Interest Rates Rising

By Robert A. Bennett New York Times Service NEW YORK — Last week's increases in the U.S. prime and discount rates dashed any remaining hopes that consumers would soon get a second chance to borrow at rates as low as those that prevailed early this year.

10.5 percent, from 10 percent. That would mean increased interest costs to home buyers of \$400 a year for a \$80,000 mortgage.

Friday's increase in the discount rate, which is what the Federal Reserve charges on its loans to banks, was quickly followed by a rise in the prime rate, which is what commercial banks use in setting their interest charges.

But much of it is done on a floating-rate basis, with the interest rate of the loan tied to the prime. Chemical Bank charges the prime rate for the first year on its home-equity loans, and then the rate rises to the prime plus 1.75 percentage points.

ETHICS: Rules for Paris Bourse

(Continued from first finance page) report, which focuses on any intermediaries who would put their own interests ahead of their clients or the market's integrity.

Paris Commodities

Table with columns: Commodity, High, Low, Bid, Ask, Change. Lists various commodities like Sugar, Cocoa, Coffee, etc.

London Metals

Table with columns: Metal, Close, Bid, Ask, Prev. Close. Lists metals like Aluminum, Copper, Lead, Nickel, Silver, Zinc.

U.S. Treasuries

Table with columns: Maturity, Bid, Offer, Yield, Change. Lists various U.S. Treasury securities.

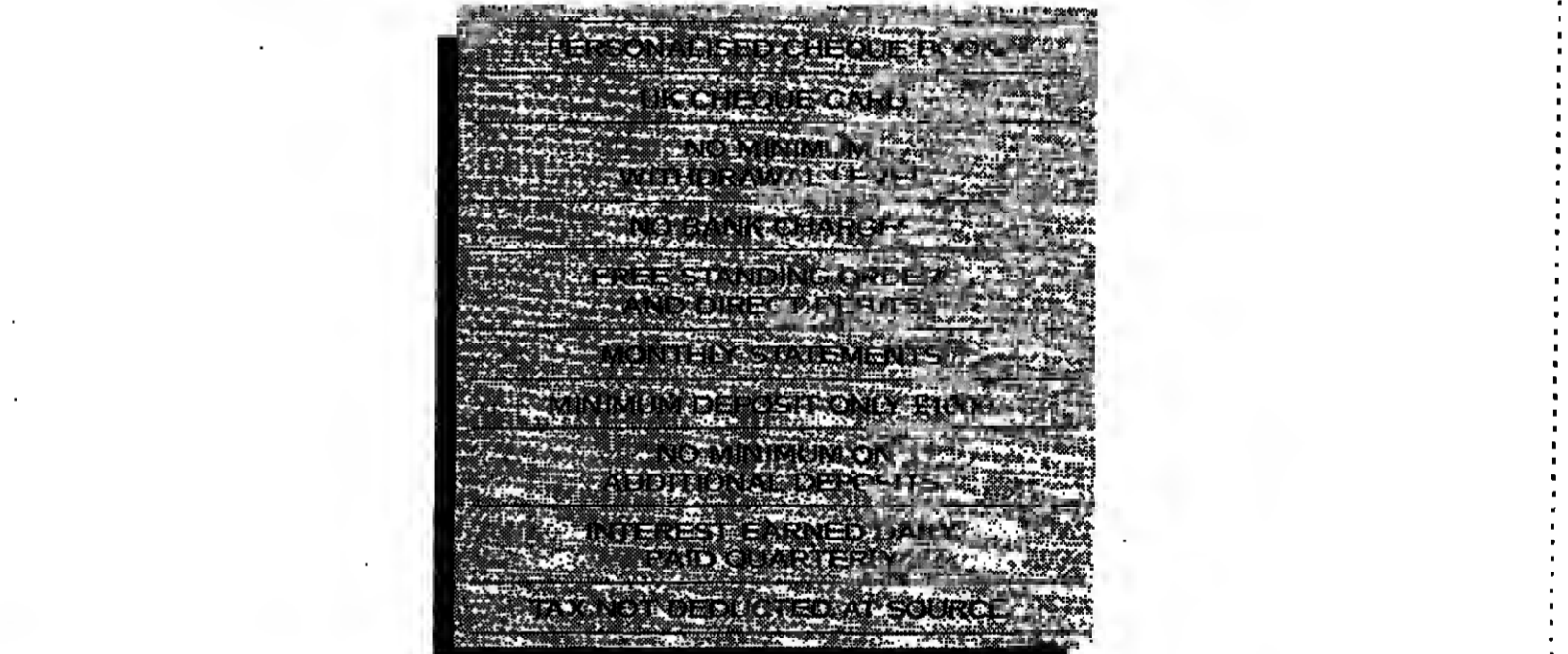
Table with columns: Fund Name, Assets, Price. Lists various investment funds like Foreign & Colonial Reserve Asset Fund.

1,684,000 Units BELDEN & BLAKE ENERGY COMPANY

To Our Readers Because of technical problems, London closing commodity prices were not available Monday.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only. July 1987 GREAT PACIFIC CAPITAL S.A.

ALL HIGH INTEREST CHEQUE ACCOUNTS OFFER SOME OF THESE ADVANTAGES.

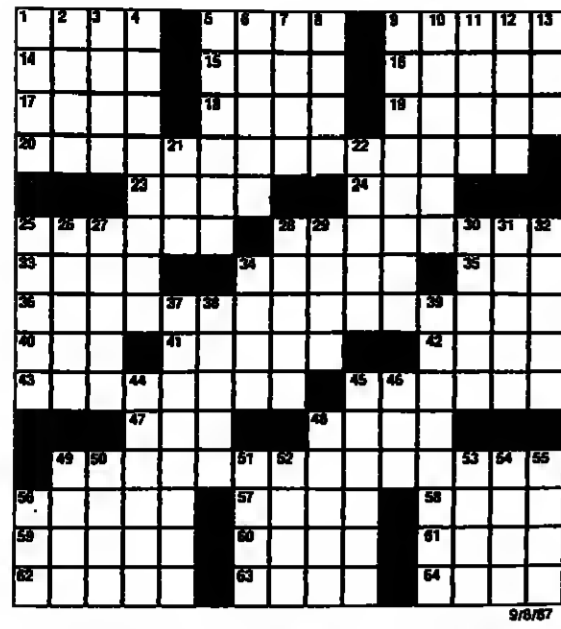


STANDARD CHARTERED OFFERS THEM ALL.

Of course a high-interest cheque account makes sense. It gives you all the advantages shown here, compare them point for point with the others around and we think you'll agree we offer a total package of quite exceptional value. That's why we call it the Extra Value Deposit Account. You'll find it of real value while you're abroad — and just as useful when you come home.

Form for requesting details of a high interest cheque account, including fields for name, address, and phone number.





**ACROSS**

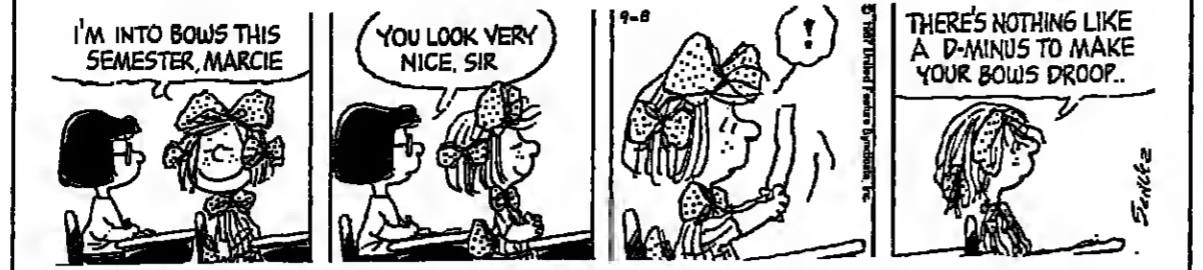
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5 Con man's scheme  
9 Insensitive  
14 Give the eye  
15 Spanish appetizer  
18 Made public  
17 Copper end iron  
18 Hebrew dry-measure unit  
19 Fountain fizzes  
20 Persevere  
23 Toast topping  
24 Singleton  
25 Endured  
28 More hardhearted  
33 Opposed  
34 Promote  
35 Common verb  
36 Persevere  
40 Cochlea's site  
41 Reclines  
42 Mine entrance  
43 Answers  
44 Analyzes grammatically  
47 Toronto's prov.  
48 wa pmum  
49 Persevere

**DOWN**

1 Castle for Kasparov  
2 Monster  
3 Sheltered, at sea  
4 Tyrannical  
5 In one's cups  
6 Small featured role  
7 Imitates  
8 Artist's chagall  
9 Steel helmets  
10 Vibes player  
11 Hampton  
12 Tke type  
13 HB's goals

21 Señor's shout  
22 Theater audience  
25 "Siar Wars" beam  
26 architectural pillars  
27 Budgets  
28 Becomes indifferent  
29 Howrd end Reagan  
30 Praises  
31 Pyle or Ford  
32 Takes five  
34 Intrepid  
37 Gold-rush site: 1890's  
38 Silverheels  
39 Gutter garnish  
44 Men in blue  
45 Spinning toy  
46 Swiss river  
48 Sacred song  
49 King of the road  
50 Algerian seaport  
51 Promonitory  
52 "Brute!"  
53 Employer  
54 Bunline and Beauty  
55 Mild oath  
56 Urchin

PEANUTS



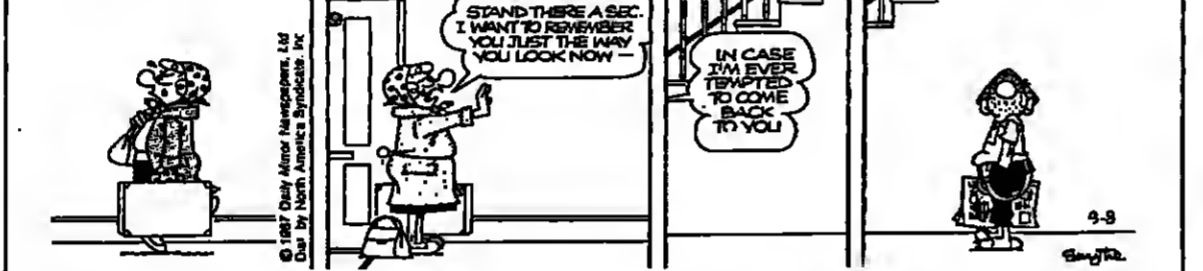
BLONDIE



BEEBLE BAILEY



ANDY CAPP



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN



GARFIELD



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Unscramble these four jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

BALFE  
YARPT  
ROTHEY  
ALLOGE

Now arrange the circled letters to form the scapword, as suggested by the above cart.

ANSWER: A "LEGACY"

WEATHER

EUROPE	HIGH	LOW	ASIA	HIGH	LOW
Algeria	21	16	Bangkok	29	24
Amsterdam	17	12	Batavia	27	22
Antwerp	17	12	Bombay	31	26
Berlin	17	12	Buenos Aires	27	22
Birmingham	17	12	Calcutta	31	26
Bombay	27	22	Canton	27	22
Boston	17	12	Cebu	27	22
Braunschweig	17	12	Colon	27	22
Bremerhaven	17	12	Hankow	27	22
Brighton	17	12	Hong Kong	27	22
Buenos Aires	27	22	Kobe	27	22
Cardiff	17	12	Manila	27	22
Chennai	17	12	Medan	27	22
Copenhagen	17	12	Osaka	27	22
Dallas	17	12	Seoul	27	22
Darmstadt	17	12	Singapore	27	22
Delhi	17	12	Taipei	27	22
Detroit	17	12	Tokyo	27	22
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Sao Paulo	17	12			
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Singapore	17	12			
Sydney	17	12			
Taipei	17	12			
Tokyo	17	12			
Washington	17	12			
Yokohama	17	12			

**World Stock Markets**  
Via Agence France Presse Closing prices in local currencies, Sept. 7.

Amsterdam	London	Paris	Frankfurt
ABN 42.40	AA Corp 57 1/2	AGF 440	ALG 324
ACP 42.40	Allied Lvs 43	Air France 374 1/2	AMN 324
AGF 42.40	Amst Ind 43	Alcatel 110	ANF 324
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SPORTS

Roche Atop Summit of Cycling

United Press International
VILLACH, Austria — Stephen Roche, the Irish bicycling star, has joined the great Eddie Merckx in winning the Tour of Italy, the Tour de France and the world championship in the same season.



Stephen Roche: "It's everything to win a world championship."

The other five riders in the breakaway group at the time probably were not. The speed with which Roche swept to the outside and into a clear lead left even defending champion Moreno Argentin of Italy with too little time to catch up.

Roche sprinted away from the leading group on the uphill finishing straight to cross the line in 6 hours, 50 minutes and 2 seconds. Argentin edged Spaniard Juan Fernandez for the silver medal, both one second behind Roche.

The race became competitive on the final lap. Roche led a group of seven riders clear of the main pack on the first of the 12-kilometer circuit's two climbs, but they were quickly joined by eight others.

On the descent, Guido Wenzelberg of Switzerland was the first to try an escape, but failed. To quick succession on the second climb Roche led an attack, then Denmark's Rolf Sorensen broke and Dutchman Eric Breukink went ahead.

France had won the women's road race for the third consecutive year. "I am very happy," Longo said, "not because nobody's done this before but just because I've done it."

Frenchman Richard Vivien won Saturday's amateur race. He went into the final sprint to a group of seven and wrapped up the title with his first burst.

Langston Wins His 17th, Equaling Mariner Record

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
CLEVELAND — Mark Langston tied a team record with his 17th victory and reliever Jerry Reed pitched three scoreless innings as Seattle downed the Cleveland Indians, 6-4, here Monday.

Starter Reuschel Brings Giants Relief

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
SAN FRANCISCO — Rick Reuschel is doing exactly what the San Francisco Giants wanted: winning, and quickly. Reuschel needed just 87 pitches Sunday for his third career two-hitter as the Giants beat the Philadelphia Phillies, 4-1.

San Francisco extended its lead in the National League to 5½ games over Houston, matching its biggest margin of the season.

"I may bring Reuschel back tomorrow because he didn't even work up a sweat," said Manager Roger Craig, smiling.

Reuschel is 11-7 overall and 3-1 since the Giants acquired him Aug. 21 from Pittsburgh for Jeff Robinson and Scott Medvin. He did not walk a batter Sunday, and only allowed a pair of fourth-inning hits.

The Giants won for the seventh straight time against Philadelphia and finished 10-2 against the Phillies this year.

Dodgers 3, Mets 2: In Los Angeles, third baseman Howard Johnson's 25th error of the season allowed Danny Heep to score from second in the 16th as the Dodgers broke a nine-game losing streak, their longest since 1973.

White Sox 5, Royals 4: In Kansas City, Missouri, Steve Lyons singled home Carlton Fisk in the 11th to down the Royals. Fisk walked with two outs against reliever John Davis and stole his first base of the season.

Yankees 7, Orioles 6: In Baltimore, pinch hitter Jim Dwyer delivered a two-run homer with one out in the ninth, beating Oakland for the Orioles. Mike Young opened the inning with a single, but was forced out at second on Mike Hart's attempted sacrifice bunt.

Expos 9, Cardinals 2: In the National League, in Montreal, Andres Galarraga homered and drove in three runs, and the Expos took advantage of three errors to rout St. Louis.

Twins 8, White Sox 1: In Minneapolis, rookie Jeff Butiger pitched seven strong innings in his American League debut and Tom Brunansky homered and doubled, leading Minnesota's rout of Chicago. Gary Gaetti went 3-for-4 with run-scoring singles in the first and third. He leads the Twins with 98 runs batted in.

Padres 11, Braves 4: In Atlanta, Garry Templeton's two-run single highlighted a five-run first that allowed San Diego to cruise past the Braves. The winners' Chris Brown hit his 11th homer of the year in the fifth and added a two-run single in the sixth.

The Padres started the game with consecutive singles by Tony Gwynn, Stan Jefferson and Carmelo Martinez, for a 1-0 lead against Tom Glavine. John Kruk then hit into a force play, scoring Jefferson; after Glavine walked Templeton singled in right for two runs. The final score of the inning came when shortstop Jeff Blauser booted Bruce Bochy's bounce. (AP, UPI)

LABOR DAY BASEBALL

error to score three runs in the first. Mickey Brantley led off with a single, stole second and scored on Phil Bradley's single. Singles by Mike Kingery and Alvin Davis plated another run, and catcher Andy Alanson's error on a two-out tapper by Scott Bradley set up Jim Presley's RBI single. Ken Phelps hit his 24th homer of the year for a 4-0 lead in the third.

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Mandlikova Ousted by Kohde-Kilsch; Lendl, Graf Advance to Quarterfinals

NEW YORK — Hana Mandlikova, the fourth-seeded Czechoslovak, drew a rare game penalty after hitting the scoreboard with her racket Monday and lost in three sets to West German Claudia Kohde-Kilsch in the fourth round of the U.S. Open tennis tournament.

Meanwhile, the top seeds — Ivan Lendl and Steffi Graf — advanced to the quarterfinals. Lendl beat Anders Jarryd of Sweden, 6-2, 7-6, 6-4, while Graf scored a 7-5, 6-2 victory over West German compatriot Sylvia Hanika.

A 6-7, 6-4, 6-1 loser, Mandlikova drew two third-set earnings (one for arguing a foot fault, one for arguing a ball that went wide) before being assessed the game penalty, which gave Kohde-Kilsch, seeded ninth, a 3-1 lead in the decisive set.

Georgina Clark, the supervisor for women at the tournament, said the game penalty was assessed during a changeover when Mandlikova hit the scoreboard "rather violently" with her racket. "She looked at me and said, 'Why don't you default me,'" Clark said, adding that she didn't because "she did nothing to warrant it."

A disciplinary committee will decide the fines to be assessed to Mandlikova and whether there will be any suspension.

The penalty, a rarity, was the second of the open. John McEnroe was penalized a game after a tantrum of profanity during his match Saturday against Slobodan Zivjovic. McEnroe eventually won.

Lendl broke Jarryd in the third and seventh games of the first set, then served out, winning the deciding game after being taken to deuce. The two players held serve throughout the second set, then went into the seven-point tiebreaker. Lendl won the first four points, and went on to win, 7-2, as Jarryd double-faulted twice. In the third set, both players held serve until Lendl final broke Jarryd in the 10th game to win.

Graf broke Hanika three times in the opening set, which she won in the 12th game by breaking from deuce. In the second set, Graf broke in games six and eight (from love) to win.

Hanika was successful on 75 percent of her first serves to 59 percent for Graf, but the hard-serving West German won 67 percent of the points on which her first serve was in, to Hanika's 51 percent.

In another women's fourth-round, 11th-seeded Lori McNeil defeated No. 7 seed Zina Garrison 7-6, 3-6, 7-6. McNeil won the first set tie-breaker 7-0 and the third set tie-breaker 8-6.

Meanwhile, Martina Navratilova, the second seed, beat Catarina Lindqvist, No. 14, 6-0, 6-4. Helena Sukova, the sixth-seeded Czechoslovak, downed Anne Hobbs of Britain, 6-4, 6-2, and eighth-seeded Gabriela Sabatini of Argentina rallied past 12th-seeded Bettina Bunge, 1-6, 6-1, 6-1.

On Sunday, Laura Golarsa, Natalia Zvereva and Patricia Tarabini had helped make a virtual ghost town of center court at the National Tennis Center. They were — in a combined 2 hours 24 minutes — the respective third-round victims of Pam Shriver, Chris Evert and Graf.

The fifth-seeded Shriver dispatched Golarsa, of Italy, 6-1, 6-2, in 42 minutes. "Obviously, she was in a rush to get off the court," Shriver said.

Evert, the third seed, beat Zvereva, of the Soviet Union, 6-0, 6-2 in 64 minutes.

Graf beat Argentina's Tarabini, her close friend, 6-2, 6-0, in 15 minutes. "Patricia is my best friend," Graf said, "and it's the first time I played her. Sometimes during the match, I had to tell myself to stop laughing because of the way she was looking at me."

Maybe it was those funny faces that cost Graf the only service break of the three matches. Leading 5-1 and serving for the first set, Graf fell behind 0-40 and fought off two break points before hitting a return of service wide.

The men's side also was predictable on Sunday.

No. 2 Stefan Edberg defeated Kelly Evernden of New Zealand, 6-2, 6-1, 6-4, in an hour and 40 minutes, and No. 3 Mats Wilander needed only 84 minutes to dispense with Czechoslovak Libor Pimek, 6-2, 6-0, 6-1. Fifth-seeded Miloslav Mecir of Czechoslovakia eliminated Jakob Hasek of Switzerland, 6-4, 6-4, 2-6, 6-4.

Austrian Mark Woodford, the only qualifier remaining in either of the draws, routed Miloslav Srejber of Czechoslovakia, 6-2, 6-1, 6-1, in 66 minutes; Ramesh Krishnan of India beat American Johan Kriek, 6-3, 6-4, 6-3, in just under two hours, and Andrei Chesnokov of the Soviet Union needed only 86 minutes to defeat Uruguayan Diego Perez, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

Manila Wins Arlington; Cordero Up

Manila was ridden by Angel Cordero, who replaced Jacinto Vasquez after Vasquez had a disagreement with trainer Leroy Jolley. Cordero got Manila through the 1¼ miles (2,010 meters) on the firm course in two minutes, two and two-fifths seconds, a length and a half ahead of Explosive Darling, Completing the order of finish in the seventh running of the race were Glaros, Rivia, Spellbound and Forlicano. All starters carried 126 pounds.

Manila earned \$600,000, boosting his earnings to \$2,697,799 on a career record of 12 victories and five seconds in 18 starts; 11 of the 4-year-old's triumphs and three of his seconds have come on grass.

Going into the race, there had been some doubt about Manila's form because he finished second, a half-length behind Talakeno, in the 1½-mile Bernard Baruch at Saratoga Springs, New York, on Aug. 16. But when Cordero shot him into the lead Sunday, it was obvious that no one was going to catch him.

Jolley said it is possible that Manila, the 1986 turf champion and a leading candidate for 1987 horse of the year, would go to France for the 1½-mile Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe Oct. 4 at Longchamp.

If you go, you have to go in a hurry so you can get some training," Jolley said. "If we made up our mind to, we'd probably be gone within a week."

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TAMPA BAY —



ART BUCHWALD The Mozzarella Wars

WASHINGTON — In two days Congress will hold hearings on one of the great issues of the year. There is, and I do not make this up, an effort to force the United States' frozen pizza makers to use 90 percent more mozzarella cheese in pepperoni or other meat-topped pizza.

A lobbyist who is fighting the mozzarella incursion told me the white hats are the frozen pizza manufacturers who want nothing more than to sell a nutritious pizza with a less costly soybean cheese substitute.

The black hats, according to the pizza lobbyists, are the dairymen who maintain that the more mozzarella you use in frozen pizza, the more nutritious the government will save in dairy subsidies.

But the white hats say there is more to pizza than just saving money on cheese subsidies. Frozen pizza is a very fragile dish and if you load it down with more mozzarella than it can support, it will become a soggy mess and slide down your shirt.

For another thing, using real cheese on the top would force the price of pizza up and create a terrible hardship on children and lower forms of life, who are pizzas' biggest consumers.

Belgian Casinos Plan School for Croupiers BRUSSELS — Three leading casinos on the Belgian coast are setting up a school to teach croupiers how to handle chips, spin roulette wheels and deal with customers who lose large sums of money.

Casino officials said that the casinos of Ostend, Middelkerke and Blankenberge were jointly setting up the school, where the main subjects will be baccarat and roulette. They would also learn foreign languages, and receive a diploma at the end of their course.

The frozen pizza lobbyist declares that his people are playing hardball. They maintain that using real mozzarella on pizza will add to everyone's intake of saturated fat and cholesterol, and they cite the American Heart Association study stating we should all be eating less dairy products if we want to live longer.

The black hats say this is boloney and the white hats are just trying to prevent legislation which would make it mandatory for all non-mozzarella pizza to be labeled "cheese substitute."

The white hats admit that is exactly what they want to do. As one impassioned pizza lawyer said, "If you should the frozen pizza manufacturers subsidize the dairy industry? Would Napoleon III ever have been able to invent margarine if the butter lobby had had its way and insisted on pure butter on French toasts?"

The dairy lobby says it couldn't care less about selling surplus cheese. But as loyal Americans they are concerned that the people of this country are being cheated out of their daily ration of mozzarella.

The white hats say the dairy people want to destroy the frozen pizza as we know it and replace it with a pizza made entirely of cheese with a pizza crust. There is nothing, they say, as good as frozen pizza with soybean oil mix.

This doesn't sound like an earth-shaking problem comparable to how many ships you can sail through the eye of the Strait of Hormuz. But at the same time, it is war. As stake is a billion-dollar pizza industry and enough surplus cheese to feed everyone in the state of California.

Constitutional rights are also involved. Who decides in a democratic nation how much mozzarella should be sprinkled on each frozen pizza? Will it be the government or the PEOPLE? I happen to like mozzarella on my pizza, but my friend Jack Burke prefers a healthier, less expensive cheese substitute.

What Burke and I both want is freedom of choice. "If you force the dairy farmer to grow mozzarella on your pizza," the white hat lawyer said, "the next thing you know is he'll try to spread it on all the nachos in America."

The Movie Spy — Hero or Heel?

By John Gross New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Our appetite for tales of spies and secret agents is unassuaged — if anything, it seems to be growing. The Fourth Protocol, for example, in which a British agent played by Michael Caine pits himself against the KGB, is the latest in a long line of similar movies, but it is unlikely that it will be the last. It comes on the heels of "No Way Out," a film in which much of the action is made to turn on the possible presence of a Soviet mole in the Pentagon.

Meanwhile, among the best sellers, a CIA thriller, Tom Clancy's "Patriot Games," occupies second place on the current New York Times fiction list, and the nonfiction list is headed by "Spycatcher," the controversial memoirs of the former British intelligence agent Peter Wright.

Another new movie, "The Whistle Blower," touches on many of the recent issues raised by the conduct of British intelligence and, indirectly, that of U.S. intelligence. One of its characters, played by John Gielgud, offers a portrait that owes something to the career of Anthony Blunt.

The appeal that the world of spying holds for storytellers is easy to understand. It is a world that already has a good deal of fiction built into it, and spy fiction in turn is bound to receive a popular interest in the real thing.

Still, intelligence services do not exist simply in order to keep the entertainment industry supplied with raw material. What are we to make of the imaginary agents and spies who stalk through popular culture? What are we to make of spy movies? What about their implications?

At face value, "The Fourth Protocol" asks us to believe that a section of the Soviet leadership, in order to strengthen its internal position, is prepared to explode an atomic bomb at a U.S. air base in Britain — making it look like an accident for which the United States will get the blame.

As for "No Way Out," it is impossible to discuss its full import without giving away the final twist. But what can be revealed is that the ending makes nonsense of virtually everything that has gone before. Much more significant in terms of what the movie is all about is that it features a secretary of defense who commits murder in a moment of passion and then mobilizes the resources of the Pentagon to arrange a cover-up.



In "The Fourth Protocol," Michael Caine confronts both the KGB and his own boss.

At the same time, the use of suspected Soviet espionage as an alibi is a pure plot device, without any serious political vibrations.

Does this mean that "No Way Out" is essentially no more political than the average thriller? To a considerable extent, yes. The hero's perilous scrapes and escapes are their own justification, and for much of the film the real hero is the technology.

It is true that the secretary, as played by Gene Hackman, never altogether forfeits our sympathy. Nor do his private reflections reflect his private moral concerns. His principal political concern in the movie is to combat a senator who wants to sponsor a super-weapon.

But we are asked to go along almost casually, with the idea of a secretary of defense who is a killer determined to evade justice. And it is all the more revealing that this should be in a film that has no particular political slant.

"The Fourth Protocol" doesn't involve any comparable reversal of what were once unquestioned values. John Preston, the agent played by Caine, is single-minded in his determination to track down the unknown KGB man who is somewhere in Britain, getting ready to assemble his nuclear bomb kit. But until the last scenes the Russian remains an abstract figure, a faceless figure with whom he has to deal face to face is his boss in counter-intelligence, an ambitious snob who loathes Preston's rough-hewn approach and does all he can to thwart him.

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In itself, this is no more than a routine subplot. But it points to the denouement that you can't necessarily trust your superiors.

"The Whistle Blower" is the cleverest of the three movies; its characters are the most fully rounded; its concerns are the most cogent. And for these reasons, the political myths it urges on its audience are the ones most liable to mislead.

The central character, once again played by Caine, is a young man named Frank Jones; his son Bob is a Russian translator at the government signals headquarters in the town of Cheltenham, where a spy has recently been caught.

The mood in Cheltenham is tense; security is being tightened and several members of the staff have succumbed to unexplained accidents. Bob, a disillusioned idealist, makes up his mind to quit, but first decides to collaborate with a journalist in exposing what has been going on. Then he too suffers an accident. He falls to his death — or was he pushed?

Frank refuses to believe in the possibility of foul play on the part of the authorities, but circumstances slowly compel him to. By the time he has got to the bottom of the affair, he has been led to the front door of Sir Adrian Chapple, played by Gielgud.

Chapple is a senior figure in the British establishment. For the last 30 years he has also been a Soviet agent; and though British counter-intelligence has found out about him, he has been left at liberty.

At the beginning of the movie, Bob establishes his credentials as a sensitive young man. He has become convinced by his work that "our secret world is on the same level as the rest of the world. We bear less and less about the KGB, and more and more about how very bad "our" secret world may be. British security is shown systematically murdering troublemakers — in a manner and on a scale for which there is no known equivalent in real life.

Frank Jones won't have any truck with treason. What he particularly hates about Chapple is that he is a member of the ruling class who has managed to have his cake and eat it, and go on eating it, with complete impunity.

For all its polemical thrust and attention to detail, "The Whistle Blower" doesn't offer a particularly coherent view of the world. But it knows what it doesn't like, and there is every chance that audiences will find it persuasive. Anyone who isn't persuaded by it, on the other hand, is likely to be left longing for a movie about spying of filmmaking skill with a sounder grasp of recent history and political reality. Such a film would fulfill a valuable role in pushing back the frontiers of ignorance; but there is no reason why it shouldn't prove highly exciting and entertaining too.

PEOPLE

Bob Dylan Snubs Peres, Angers Fans in Israel

Bob Dylan was panned for his music and his manners Monday after performing live in Tel Aviv and rejecting the red-carpet welcome prepared for his first concert tour in Israel. He canceled a meeting with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres without explanation Monday. It was the latest in a series of unpredictable moves by Dylan, who has been stepping out of town since he arrived in Israel Friday, a day late, and on a bus from Cairo rather than a flight from Europe. "Dylan just said he couldn't make it [the visit with Peres] and that was it," a Foreign Ministry spokesman said. "I don't know if Peres was disappointed. I don't think he doesn't mind having an hour free to do something else." Dylan's behavior drew scathing reviews in the Israeli press, which panned the singer's performance before 40,000 people Saturday night in Tel Aviv.

Meanwhile, Sylvester Stallone, who is in Israel to film "Rambo III," has won his first battle there: The hotel staff granted his request for pink towels. Stallone has rented 45 rooms for himself and his entourage at a hotel 70 miles south of Jerusalem. A hotel spokesman said the hotel has granted a Stallone request to switch the white towels in his penthouse suite for white ones. "He is very spoiled," the spokesman said.

Jazz great Woody Herman, ailing and broke, may be evicted from his home of 40 years because he can't pay the rent, his daughter says. The three-bedroom Hollywood Hills house was auctioned by the Internal Revenue Service in 1985, and the new owner has ordered the 74-year-old clarinetist and bandleader to move by Tuesday, according to Herman's daughter and his lawyer, Ingrid Herman Reese said. Social Security payments and donations from friends do not cover all her father's expenses and she has been unable to pay the \$1,500 monthly rent for several months. He is bedridden with congestive heart failure and heart disease, she said. Herman's attorney, Kirk Pasick, said he hopes to negotiate a settlement with the landlord, but if that fails, he plans to seek a court order blocking eviction.

The Global Newspaper Edited and Published in Paris

Memo Stirs Up On Bush Status On Contra Support

By David Hoffman and Walter Pincus Washington Post Service A briefing memorandum prepared for Vice President George Bush last year about a former CIA agent was to be shown to him about the secret network with him about the Contras. It was to supply the Nicaraguan rebels with military aid to the rebels, according to documents made public last week.

The Bush, the front-runner for Republican presidential nomination, has said he never talked about the clandestine effort to supply the rebels, or Contras. He said the subject did not come up at his meeting with Mr. Bush on May 1, 1985.

On Tuesday, for the first time, the public by the congressional committees investigating the Iran-contra affair directly conflicted the statements by Mr. Bush and his staff that they did not know Rodriguez's activities.

Argentina's Political Opposition Gains May Force

By Bradley Graham Washington Post Service ARGENTINA — The stunning resurgence of Peronism and the rise of the Radical Civic Union party in this week's national elections have shored this small democracy onto a new level of political uncertainty.

Political and economic would end political surveys. The party's political and economic would end political surveys. The party's political and economic would end political surveys.

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